The Massillon Independent.

WHOLE NO 1798 — MASSILLON, OHIO, OCTOBER 31, 1895 — XXXIV—NO. 30

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ATTORNEYS.

ROBERT H. FOLGER, Attorney at Law, U. S. Commissioner, Commissioner of Deeds for New York and Pennsylvania, and Notary Public Office second floor over Rudolph's jewelry store. South Erie street, Massillon, O. Will give strict attention to all business entrusted to his care in Stark and the adjoining counties.

BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon Ohio Jos. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. W. H. KIRLAND, Homeopathic Practice. Office No. 55 East Main street, Massillon, Ohio. Office open day and night.

HARDWARE.

S. A. CONRAD & CO., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

MANUFACTORIES.

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Traction Engines, Horse powers, Saw Mills, &c.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Jos. Corns & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of a superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith Iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, manufactures Green Glass Hollow Ware, Beer Bottles, Flasks, &c.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE CO. Manufacturers of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

GROCERIES.

D. ATWATER & SON. Established in 1852 Forwarding and Commission Merchant and dealer in all kinds of Country Produce. Ware house in Atwater's Block, Exchange street.

JEWELERS.

C. F. VON KANEL, East Side Jewelry Store East Main street.

JOSEPH COLEMAN dealer in Watches, Clocks Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc. No. 5 South Erie street.

B. & B

This store is reaching out for more buisness and getting it with choice goods at prices that are in the interest of people's pocket books, of which the following are examples:

Large lot of Red and Black

All-Wool Suitings,

Medium rough effects—which on account of style and value, for the money, is the most important offering of Dress Goods this year. They're 45 inches—yard and a quarter wide—and 50c a Yard

We want every one of you to send and get samples of these and you'll know when this store advertises anything extraordinary it is that.

100 pieces assorted all-wool

Cheviot Suitings,

In neat mixture effects, choice colorings—all 50 inches wide—50 cents.

It's not only these extraordinary 50c lines we're calling attention to, but as representation of a general line from 10c to $4.50 a yard that we believe is without equal in this country, and we'll send you samples when you write for them to see what you think, and if it isn't the same thing then we're very much mistaken in the wonderful values—but we don't think we are

Several cases of late things from Europe in Dress Goods, Novelty Suitings and Tailorings, 75c to $1.50 that will convince you where it's best for you to buy Dry Goods.

BOGGS & BUHL,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed administrator de bonis non of the estate of William Norman, late of Stark County, O., deceased.
Dated the 24th day of October, 1895.
JOHN L. WALTER,
Administrator.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Peter Theis, late of Stark County, Ohio, deceased.
Dated the 7th day of October, 1895.
WILLIAM F. BREED,
Administrator with will annexed.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of John Miller, late of Stark County, Ohio, deceased.
Dated the 16th day of October, 1895.
JOHN MILLER, JR.,
Administrator.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Matilda T. Rousseau, vs. Geo. H. Gross, Executor, et al. } ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction at the door of the Court House, in the city of Canton, on Saturday, November 23, 1895, the following described real estate, to-wit: Situated in the township of Bethlehem, county of Stark and state of Ohio, and known as lot No. 63, in the town of Navarre, and in the part thereof which was formerly called Rochester. Appraised at $800. Terms cash. Sale to commence at one o'clock, P. M.

J. A. JEFFERS, Attorney. HIRAM DOLL, Sheriff.

Entertainment committees will find just what they want in the way of invitations and programs, at THE INDEPENDENT office.

NEGRO ROASTED.

A Murderous Rapist Tortured to Death In Texas.

BURNED AT THE STAKE.

The Negro Begged For Mercy, But the Mad Mob Tortured Him In Reply—His Last Prayer on Earth Could Be Heard For Several Squares—Fifty Minutes of Excruciating Agony Before Death Released the Suffering Victim of a Mob's Vengeance—He Confessed His Crime When Captured—The Officers Overpowered—An Appeal to the Governor For Help Arrived Too Late—The Fiend Horribly Assaulted, Murdered and Mutilated a White Woman

TYLER, Tex., Oct. 30.—The negro who so brutally murdered Mrs. Bell, who was captured three miles from Kilgore, has been burned at the stake. He offered no resistance when captured. Soon after the officers had him handcuffed a mob of some 200 men, heavily armed, arrived on the scene and demanded immediate possession of the prisoner, which was readily given. The mob then went to the scene of the murder. The crowd continued to gather at the scene of the horrible crime until nearly 2,000 citizens of Tyler and vicinity were there. A few moments before the fiend was brought at the place a meeting was held and a committee was appointed to investigate his identity. Witnesses were summoned and closely interrogated. The result was a thorough identification. In a few moments the officer approached from over the hill, followed by 300 determined, well-armed men. When near the scene the officers were overpowered and disarmed and the negro, Henry Hilliard, brought before the committee. He made a full confession, in substance as follows:

"I was coming down the road and saw Mrs. Bell in the road. She was scared of me, and I knew that if I passed her she would say I tried to rape her, and I concluded that I would rape her and then kill her. I cut her throat and cut her in another place and left."

He wrote a note to his wife and gave it to the sheriff. It read as follows: "I am arrested by 'Wig' Smith. You know what they will do with me. If I don't see you any more, good bye."

After his open confession and the thorough identity, a vote was taken as to the mode of punishment. It was unanimously agreed to burn him and it was agreed that he should suffer his penalty on the public square. The march was then made to Tyler and when the head of the line entered the main plaza no less than 7,000 people were assembled.

Large crowds of ladies and children were congregated on the awnings surrounding the public plaza. Wagons, carriages, trees and buildings were converted into grand stands and were thronged.

A scaffold was erected in the center of the square. Wagons laden with kindling wood, coal oil and straw were driven to the scene and placed in position. The negro was then given an opportunity to speak, but his words were inaudible, but when he offered up his last prayer on earth he could be heard for several blocks. He was then lashed to the iron rail that extended through the platform. Mr. Bell, the husband of the murdered lady, applied the match and the flames shot upward, enveloping the brute in sheets of fire. He begged for mercy and it was meted out to him just as he was merciful to the pure, innocent woman whose soul he had sent to heaven.

It was determined to burn him at once, but the fire was frequently quenched, and after the last piece of wood was burned, in a few moments the fire was started again. From the time the match was applied until his death was exactly 50 minutes.

The I. & G. N. southbound train was crowded with people from the towns north. Hundreds of negroes witnessed the execution, and representative negroes expressed their indorsement of the punishment. The officers were powerless and the sheriff wired the governor, but his message was too late. All business houses and factories closed and the big Cotton Belt shops were deserted.

A special from Kilgore tells this story of the crime: Mrs. Bell, who had been visiting her mother a short distance from home, was on her return when met by the negro. What occurred can only be told by the evidence given by the dead body of the lady. The ground showed that she had struggled for her honor, and the condition of the body told of the cruelty that has only been equaled by "Jack the Ripper." After outraging the body the negro deliberately cut her throat, and then, taking his knife, ripped up her body. A posse was quickly organized, led by Deputy Smith of Tyler, who, with lanterns in hand and aided by a hound, tracked the negro to within four miles of this place, where they found him fast asleep in a cotton pen. The negro's clothing was still covered with blood, which he had attempted to wash out.

Horseless Vehicles Racing.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—The contest of horseless vehicles has begun on the Washington park racecourse, where for three days carriages propelled by electricity, steam, oil, gas or air will undergo tests preparatory to the final race of Saturday.

THEY MAY THWART CLARK.

Sports Will Have Fitz Arrested, Then Released So He Can Fight.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Oct. 30.—The moves made on the pugilistic checkerboard are full of greater interest than has developed at any time since Hot Springs was selected as a battle ground by the managers of the big fight. As the time for the meeting of the two gladiators has drawn so near that nothing short of strategem and extreme measures would prevent it, Governor Clark and Attorney General Kinsworthy put their heads together and decided to use both by virtually "kidnapping" Fitzsimmons before he reached Hot Springs and carrying him to Little Rock, where he would be so tightly bound by bonds to keep the peace that he would be glad to get out of the state without ever seeing Corbett. Their plans have been thwarted at every move, however. Corbett, Brady, Joe Vendig and Secretary Wheelock of the Florida Athletic club are all under arrest here and in the hands of the local authorities, hence the attorney general cannot get service on them now and take them from this county for trial, as he contemplated doing.

Officers from this county armed with warrants for Julian and Fitzsimmons' arrest are now, doubtless, with that twain somewhere in Texas piloting them toward Arkansas. As soon as the train crosses the line into Arkansas the warrants will be served upon them and they will be prisoners of Garland county officers, and when Governor Clark and the sheriff at Texarkana proceeds to serve his papers he will find that his warrants are no good.

The governor has been tripped, and the only thing that remains now for him to do to stop the fight is by military interference, and it is not believed he will do that, as he is somewhat handicapped on that score. The fight is almost sure to occur between now and November 2.

ENGLAND NAGGING CHINA.

Wants a Pretext to Declare War to Counteract Russian Influence.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 30.—The Novoe Vremya publishes a dispatch from Vladivostock saying that the British squadron of warships in the waters of the far east has been concentrated at Fou-Chan, and adds:

"Great Britain is zealously seeking a pretext for declaring war upon China, in order to counteract the successes of Russia and restore her shattered prestige in the Pacific."

Carried Filibusters to Cuba.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Oct. 30.—The steamer Laurada, Captain Hughes, from New York for Kingston, Oct. 21, reports upon her arrival here that after leaving New York she met two boats outside the bay in which were 34 Cubans, who embarked upon the Laurada. Later in the voyage they were disembarked off Cuba. The steamer also met two other boats which carried 32 cases of ammunition, which were taken on board and which were again unloaded while the steamer was off Guantanamo, Cuba.

Pittsburg Case Very Important

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—The interstate commission regards the case of the commission against Theodore F. Brown of Pittsburg, advanced by the supreme court, as of vital importance in the administration of the interstate commerce law, especially in view of recent reports of large railroad pooling agreements and therefore has requested the attorney general to employ ex-Senator Edmunds as special attorney in the case. The request has been complied with.

He Had Too Much Land.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 30.—William Thorpe, a wealthy railroad contractor with an office at 45 Broadway, New York, recently purchased 1,400 acres of land in the lower end of Luzerne county. He erected a number of buildings, planted trees and built fences. The buildings have been destroyed by incendiaries, the trees torn up and the fences destroyed. It is alleged that some people living in the vicinity said that 1,400 acres of land were too much for one man to own.

Mrs. Eustis' Body Coming.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—The remains of Mrs. James B. Eustis, wife of the United States ambassador to France, who died near Rotoath, Ireland, on Saturday last of heart failure following a severe cold will be shipped on board the White State line steamship, Majestic, on Thursday next, for conveyance to Louisville for burial.

An Aristocratic Prisoner's Defense.

BOURGES, France, Oct. 30.—In the trial of the Marquis de Nayvo on the charge of murdering his stepson, in 1885, the marquis insisted that the boy fell over the cliffs along the Sorrente road, on the bay of Naples, while he himself was absent for a few moments.

The Weather.

Fair; slight variable winds.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

It is said that Cuban independence day at Atlanta was postponed until Dec. 17 by the influence of President Cleveland.

An architect has been engaged and the work of rebuilding the University of Virginia, at Charlottsville, will proceed at once.

Richard D Johnson, Jr., held at Cumberland, Md for the murder of Grant W. Zufael, at Meyersdale, has been released on $10,000 bail.

The city solicitor of Wilmington, Del., has decided that Henry George's single tax lecture scheduled for Sunday is a desecration of the Sabbath.

Malcolm Johnston, a negro ex-convict, has been arrested at Ashland, Ky., and brought to Huntington, W. Va., where he is charged with looting the home of a family into which he had ingratiated himself.

J. F. Carr of Fort Payne, Ala., proprietor of the Fort Payne lime works, was having the plant repaired. While giving some directions, a loose scantling fell, striking him on the head, and knocked him violently against a large stone.

PENSION LIST GROWS.

Lochren Reports an Increase of 860 For the Year.

MODEST DEMANDS OF SOLDIERS.

The Commissioner Says the Real Fighters Have Been Very Reasonable In Their Claims—Two Hundred and Ninety-Four Frauds Convicted During the Year.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Commissioner William L. Lochren of the pension office, in his annual report, makes several pointed suggestions. Under the head "Patriotism and Pensions," he says:

"Those men who enlisted early and fought the battles of the war were not moved by mercenary considerations, and unless actually disabled did not show the haste in applying for pensions manifested by those who enlisted near the close of the war for large bounties, and did little actual service, and who are now the noisiest in clamoring for more pensions. As compared with this latter class, the real soldiers of the war have been modest in preferring claims for pensions."

The commissioner says that many disreputable and incompetent men are engaged as pension attorneys, and suggests that none but reputable members of the bar be allowed to practice in pension cases. Dishonest attorneys have given much trouble by systematic criminal and fraudulent practices. Pension payments, the commissioner says, bring large amounts of money into communities, and the fear that the conviction of these attorneys would lessen the influx of money has manifested itself in popular rancor against the special examiners whose investigations secured the conviction of criminals. The special examination division will not require as much money as in the past, for the reason that vigorous prosecution of frauds and crimes has discouraged and measurably stopped frauds. Two hundred and ninety-four were convicted during the year.

The death of many witnesses and the age of claimants has made it quite difficult in many cases lately to obtain proof sufficient for the granting of pensions.

The report shows that the number of pensioners June 30, 1894, was 969,544; new pensioners added during the year, 39,185; dropped pensioners restored, 4,206; deaths during the year, 29,846; dropped for other causes, 14,575; making a net increase of pensioners during the year of 860. Pension claims allowed during the year, 39,185; rejected, 103,555; cases pending, 552,210.

The appropriation for the year was $150,000,000, and there was paid during the year $138,807,337. The estimate for pensions for 1897 are $140,000,000 for pension payments; $800,000 for surgeons' fees and $450,000 for clerk hire at pension agencies, and about $200,000 for other expenses.

Indicted Police Officials Exonerated.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Justice Ingraham, in the court of over and terminer, has dismissed the indictments against ex-Police Captains Doherty and Donohue and ex-Sergeant McKenna. The action was in conformity with a motion made by counsel for the defendants and endorsed by the district attorney. This decision of Justice Ingraham means, in all probability, that the cases against many of the indicted police officials will be abandoned.

Broke Three World's Records.

CHILLICOTHE, O., Oct. 30.—W. W. Windle, the bicyclist, has broke three world's records here which were held by Champion Johnson. He made a half mile in 48 seconds flat, Johnson's record being 51 seconds. The quarter was made in 22 4-5 seconds, against Johnson's record of 23, and the third in 30 3-5 seconds, against Johnson's record of 32 2-5.

To Pray For Rain.

SLATER, Mo., Oct. 30.—A large number of citizens has congregated at the Baptist church here for the express purpose of praying for rain. Such a scarcity of water was never before known in this section. Nearly 2,000 tanks of water have been sold here during the past year.

Prominent Young Man In Jail.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 30.—George O'Brien, who claims to be a son of Martin O'Brien, a wealthy Chicagoan, is in jail here charged with forging a $10 check on the Anglo-California bank. He threatens suicide if convicted.

Armenians and Turks Fighting.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 30.—The Turkish troops and the Armenians have been fighting for three days near Marash. A number of Angora railway officials, including some German and British subjects, have been captured by brigands at Ilghun.

Insurgents' Progress Checked.

HAVANA, Oct. 30.—According to official advices a large force of insurgents has met with a check while attempting to pass from the province of Santa Clara into the province of Matanzas.

Must Wait For Their Stationery.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Comptroller of the Treasury Bowler has decided that congressmen-elect are not entitled to government stationery until they have taken the oath of office.

To Prepare the Waller Demand.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Several letters have been received at the state department from Ambassador Eustis, and there is every reason to believe that the record in the Waller case was among them. This document has been considered by the department as essential to preparation of the government's presentation of this case, and it is understood that the department now will proceed forthwith to prepare whatever demand or request it may decide to make upon the French government in Mr. Waller's behalf.

WRECKED BY ESCAPING GAS.

Thirteen Persons Killed In an Explosion on the Strand, London.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—An explosion supposed to have been caused by escaping gas has wrecked a house, reducing it to atoms, on Church court, Strand. Thirteen persons were killed and many were injured by the collapse of the house. The building consisted of three floors and its tenants were mostly Covent Garden market porters. A deafening report was suddenly heard and then the house collapsed as if made of cards, causing much excitement in the neighborhood.

Two firemen, while searching in the burning embers in an effort to extricate the victims were buried beneath the upper story of an adjoining house, which suddenly collapsed. One of the unfortunate firemen was resuscitated in an injured condition, but the other still remains buried in the ruins.

Two Murderers Electrocuted.

DANNEMORA, N. Y., Oct. 30.—George H. Smith, who murdered old Philip Richmeyer at Albany, and Charles N. Davis, who outraged and killed 6-year-old Maggie Shannon, at Cohoes, have been executed in the electric chair at Clinton prison.

Van Alan Is Arrested.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 30.—James J. Van Alen has been arrested on a writ charging alienation of his wife's affections, sworn out by Colonel S. P. Colt, and has given $200,000 bail.

The Clevelands at Woodley.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—The president and Mrs. Cleveland have removed from the White House to Woodley, their fall home.

RIOT VICTIMS BURIED.

A Special Grand Jury at Tiffin Investigating the Riot.

TIFFIN, O., Oct. 30.—The funerals of Christian Matz and Henry Mutchler, who were shot down by the guards while storming the county jail last Sunday morning, were not attended with excitement.

The special grand jury will certainly indict Leander J. Martin, alias Miller, the murderer of City Marshal August Schultz, and the cause of all this trouble, who is now safely imprisoned in the Sandusky jail. The jury will also take cognizance of the riot of Sunday morning.

The ring-leaders of the mob are in hiding. Michael Schimidutz and Marion Lynch are supposed to be concealed in the city. Victor Vidoni, the young Italian, whose impassioned harangue after bloody repulse came so near rallying the rioters, has left the county with the announcement that he would not stop before reaching sunny Italy.

Findlay Preacher Sues For Slander.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Oct. 30.—Rev. J. A. Witham of Findlay, O., has begun suit for slander in the United States court against Rev. H. D. F. Gaffin of Sunfield, Mich., and claims $5,000 damages. The suit is based on a letter written by Gaffin to Mary B. Mullen of Lindsey, O., in which it was charged that Witham was "unlearned, a very poor scholar, yet capable of deceiving as many as most men on earth." The letter further charged him with immoral conduct of a gross nature, for which he was expelled from the conference.

Bounty Scrip Stealer Sentenced.

DELAWARE, O., Oct. 30.—W. S. Winters of Richwood has been sentenced to the penitentiary for 15 months by Judge Wright for "making out and presenting false and fraudulent claims for bounty scrip" to the county commissioners. There are ten other counts against Winters, each covering $201 worth of bounty scrip presented. This refers to the reported $18,000 steal made by him and James Cooley, now serving a sentence in the penitentiary.

Thought to Be Guilty of Murder.

DENVER, Oct. 30.—A man under arrest in this city under the name of Jevane Van Airanter, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses, is believed to be Charles Webb, wanted in St. Louis for the murder of Mollie Wade, a colored school teacher.

SMALL OHIO HAPPENINGS.

Mrs. Sarah McKinley of Circleville has brought suit against I. H. Ridgeway for $10,000 for slander.

Ridefer Bros' glassworks, at Bellaire, will open this week. The strike has been settled by a compromise. Two hundred men will go to work.

Governor McKinley granted a pardon to Elmer Shaffer, who was convicted of complicity in the burglary of a freight car at Cambridge, Guernsey county, and sentenced to the state prison for one year.

Marshal Baxter of Van Wert arrested James Poorman, Thomas Poorman and Adam Kushlock, who belong to a gang of toughs who make a living by picking pockets and robbing. Other arrests are looked for soon.

Daniel Dodde of Circleville is suing George Snyder for $100. Dodde claims that he left that amount hid in the store that he sold Snyder, about a year ago and that Snyder found the money and refuses to refund it.

Alonzo Fletcher of Zanesville, a contracting carpenter, killed himself by shooting. Lunacy proceedings were commenced against him last July, but dropped. His brother cut his throat at the Columbus asylum three years ago.

On the request of Charles Swigart, a farmer, the police took his two daughters, aged 17 and 19, from the house of William Ballinger, in Columbus, on the ground that the Ballingers are Spiritualists and have made his daughters believe that they are mediums.

Governor McKinley pardoned Allen Ward, who is serving a three year sentence for subornation of perjury. The crime was committed in Morgan county 17 years ago, and Ward was convicted, but escaped from jail before he was removed to the state prison, and was only captured last spring.

The statement that Superintendent Kelley of the police force of Columbus had given orders that no person should remove a trunk from the Union station which came from New York, and which was supposed, on account of the bad odor, to have contained a human body, is emphatically denied by Mr. Kelley.

HOLMES BACKS DOWN.

He Gives Up and Sends For His Lawyers.

DAMAGING EVIDENCE IS GIVEN.

This and the Tremendous Machinery of the Commonwealth Evidently Appalled Him—A Picture of His Victim Sits Facing Him In the Courtroom.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 30.—It has become apparent that the picturesque and startling features of H. H. Holmes' career are not to be confined to his destructive wanderings over the American continent, for with each successive day comes something still more strange and unexpected.

After fighting tooth and nail singlehanded against the tremendous machinery of the commonwealth and the apparently complete chain of evidence which has been forged around him, he has thrown up his hands and sent for his lawyers, Messrs. Shoemaker and Rotan. Then he told the court what he had done, and a reluctant consent to their continuing with the defense was given. There was an impression that this was but another piece of by-play following Holmes' personal failure to catch the sympathy of the court and jury by making himself out a much-wronged man, forced to fight alone what may prove to be his last battle, in spite of his ignorance of the technicalities of the law and his alleged physical infirmity.

Holmes privately said that the preparation of his case in his cell had kept him up until 4 o'clock in the morning, and then he was roused from bed two hours later. In addition to this, he had not eaten anything from the night before until 1 o'clock in the afternoon. It was after making this statement that he sent for his counsel. Up to that time there had been a general impression that human nature could not stand the terrible ordeal which he had set for himself, and that if he had persisted in going on with his own case there would be a breakdown before long.

All day, as he sat in the dock, the eyes of the man he is charged with murdering gazed at him from a large crayon portrait placed upright on the district attorney's desk, in full view of the entire court. Next to this was an equally large-sized picture of the daughter, Alice, whose death is also laid on his shoulders. But Holmes did not seem to be affected. His stolid demeanor never deserted him for an instant.

Holmes was allowed another interview with his wife besides the one arranged for by District Attorney Graham.

Jeannette Pitezel, Dessa, the daughter of the dead man, was the first witness called. She is a slender, pale girl of about 17, and was neatly attired in dark gray. She was called merely to identify several large crayons of her father, which she did.

Eugene Smith, who found Pitezel's body in the Callowhill street house on Sept. 4, 1894, then told a detailed story of his discovery, which has been already fully published. He had seen Holmes at Pitezel's house during his lifetime. The witness was preseut when the corpse of Pitezel was exhumed from the potter's field, and was there first introduced to Holmes. Lawyer Howe of St. Louis, Alice Pitezel, the young daughter, and the insurance officers were there. The body was recognized by the witness as Pitezel's. Holmes offered $50 to have the corpse cremated. Holmes told the insurance people of the marks of identification.

Dr. William J. Scott, who examined Pitezel's body after it was discovered, explained the situation of the room and the arrangement of the windows so that the sun's rays should fall upon the corpse and hasten decomposition, together with the position of the burns on the body, the broken jar, pipe, etc. He verified the district attorney's assertion that the pipe could not have falled from the lips of Pitezel to the place where it was found, and that the jar could not have been broken by an explosion, because the pieces of glass were not scattered about the room, but were inside the jar. The doctor dwelt upon the discovery of chloroform in the stomach, and said large quantities of the drug had been used, and from the congested condition of the lungs and the empty heart it was apparent that the man had met a sudden and violent death from chloroform poisoning.

Dr. Mattern corroborated Dr. Scott's testimony and dilated on the ghastly scene at the potter's field, when, in the presence of a half dozen other persons, including the officers of the swindled insurance company and the young daughter of the dead man, Holmes took a lancet and coldly and ruthlessly cut and hacked off portions of the corpse of the man he is charged with having murdered.

Other witnesses gave testimony of minor importance.

FOUGHT FOR ADMISSION.

A Wild Rush to Hear the Closing Arguments In Durrant's Trial.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 30.—The close of the arguments for the defense in the trial of Theodore Durrant was marked by the greatest crowd that ever fought for admission to a murder trial in this city. Judge, jury, court officers and attorneys struggled for nearly an hour in a surging throng of men and women who crowded through the corridors leading to the courtroom. The sheriff and his deputies were not able to control the mob, and a requisition was made on the chief of police for a squad of 30 men. Ropes were stretched across the corridors and an effort made to keep the people back, but the ropes were brushed aside as easily as pieces of twine might have been. The crowd was finally dispersed without the necessity of making any arrests.

General Dickinson finished his argument for the defense. The only significant feature of his remarks was the suggestion that Miss Lamont was probably murdered by two men instead of one.

Attorney Deuprey said Durrant was an innocent victim of circumstances and begged the jury to right the great wrong that had already been done the prisoner by acquitting him as speedily as possible. No evidence had been introduced which he believed established the fact that Durrant strangled Miss Lamont. The same amount of energy directed towards casting suspicion upon the Rev. John George Gibson, he believed, would have developed as strong a case against the clergyman. At the same time, Mr. Deuprey expresses the belief that the minister had nothing to do with the murder.

THE VENEZUELAN AFFAIR.

An Answer From Salisbury May Be Given Soon or May Be Delayed.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—The United States ambassador, the Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, who has been visiting Sir John Pender, will return to town tomorrow and will start for Scotland next week. He will probably be away from London during most of the month of November.

The stories about Mr. Bayard delaying his departure owing to his expecting the Marquis of Salisbury's reply to the note of the United States regarding Venezuela are unfounded. It is generally believed that the premier is awaiting the arrival here of Sir Charles Cameron Lees, the governor of British Guiana, who has been called home and the return to town of the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, before replying to the American note. But it is probable that there is some significance in the action of the Marquis of Salisbury in postponing his regular reception to the members of the diplomatic corps, which was to have taken place today, and it is considered likely that the reply will be sent before the postponed reception is held.

Chinese Secret Society Formed.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 29.—At a meeting of Chinamen representing four states, held at the Joss house, on Woodland avenue, a branch of the Lan Wo Tong, the Chinese secret society generally designated as the Chinese Freemasons, was formed. There are 120 delegates in attendance, and Thomas Yu Yang of New York is the organizer. The states included in the district are Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota and Missouri.

Shot Herself and Sweetheart.

FRANKLIN, O., Oct. 29.—Miss Sylvia M'Cabe has died from a revolver shot and Will Schaffer lies in a critical condition from a similar wound, both inflicted while the two were alone in a room at Schaffer's house. Schaffer says Miss McCabe shot him and then shot herself. They were to be married.

Carver's Wife Wants a Divorce.

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 29.—Mrs. Carrie J. Carver has filed a suit for divorce from her husband, Dr. William J. Carver, the champion shot. It is on statutory grounds. They were married in this city in 1878.

Moved to Suspend the Case.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—A motion has been made in the United States supreme court on behalf of the company to dismiss the case of the United States vs. the Bell Telephone company and Emile Berliner.

A Big Woman Suicides.

CHICAGO, Oct. 29. — Mrs. Richard Walsh, weight 200 pounds, has jumped from the third story balcony of one of the big department stores and was dashed to death on the floor of the rotunda.

Children Smothered to Death.

MANISTEE, Mich., Oct. 29.—Two children of John Conley, aged 5 and 6 years, have been smothered to death by smoke. They had gotten some matches and set the building on fire.

More Riots Expected in China.

HONG-HONG, Oct. 29.—An extensive anti-foreign outbreak is expected at Canton. Four hundred braves, enlisted here by the viceroy, have gone to that city.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—The statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $182,386,271; gold reserve, $93,225,086.

Children Ground to Death.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 29.—Mattie Warren, aged 10 years and her brother Willie, 5 years old, colored, have been ground to death by a Wabash engine.

McDonaldsville.

The Greentown Jr. O. U. A. M. order raised a flag over their new school building, Saturday, October 26, at which the Greensburg order and Canton brothers and the order from this place were present. Declamations on "Our Country" and an address by State Secretary J. A. Bliss followed.

C. J. Whitwer and family spent Sunday with D. D. Stoner and family, near Krumroy.

M. A. Bruner is repainting his new home.

J. J. Simon was in Massillon on business.

Last Friday was the last day's school. We will have a short vacation.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Baatz, a daughter.

Benjamin Kuhns and the Rev. Mr. Eldec were in town on business Tuesday.

Dalton.

The Dalton mines have resumed work again.

Work at the reservoir has been delayed for a few days.

Mr. Kidd and family, who have been spending the summer here, returned to their home in Cleveland.

Loyd Cully is very sick with malarial fever.

The Dalton band went to Wooster today.

D. S. McElhinney is in Cleveland today.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

DELLA FOX'S TRIUMPH.

The Little Prima Donna Writes of Her Career.

HER AMBITION FULLY REALIZED.

Miss Fox Started as the Midshipmite in "Pinafore" and Has Since Been Almost Continuously Behind the Footlights. Hopes and Fears of a Budding Star.

The love of praise, howe'r concealed by art,
Reigns more or less and glows in every heart.

Poet never gave birth to truer aphorism than when he uttered this pretty saying. All sons of Adam and all daughters of Eve are eagerly desirous of winning the commendation of their fellow men and women. The sterner sex yearn for it, and, as for us poor women, our hearts actually hunger for it. Sympathy with us in our attempts to attain success in any field of effort is positively grateful, and applause when success is conquered is as sweet to our ears as the maiden's timid "yes" to a lover's impassioned appeal.

Therefore I can truthfully say that the happiest day of my life was when I made my debut as a star at the Casino in New York just a year ago in that charming operatic conceit of Clay M. Greene, "The Little Trooper." My, how happy I was! My at St. Louis when I was only 7 years of age. I mention this fact in no vainglorious spirit, but simply to show how long ago (15 years) the musical spirit seized me and that my success has not been achieved in a day. In fact, I have been almost constantly on the stage since my seventh birthday. Shortly after my debut in "Pinafore" I played the part of Editha in Augustus Thomas' dramatization of "Editha's Burglar." Subsequently I assumed the role of the child in "A Celebrated Case," in which James O'Neill was the star. When scarcely in my teens, I was made prima donna of the Bennett-Moulton Opera company, playing the principal roles of the repertory, which included "Bohemian Girl," "Fra Diavolo," "Chimes of Normandy" and "Pirates of Penzance." Some time after that I played for a season in Henrietta Comied's opera company in "The King's Fool." Then I joined De Wolf Hopper's company—dear old De Wolf Hopper, at whose hands I experienced so many acts of kindness and from whom I learned so much. It was after leaving Mr. Hopper's company a year ago that I made my debut as a star and won my spurs in "The Little Trooper."

I say that I love music. I do, and to its sweet melody I owe health and happiness as well as prosperity. Every human being should get as much of music into his or her soul as he or she can in this hurly burly, workaday, humdrum life. It lightens sorrow, it comforts the afflicted, it cheers the despairing, it softens the hardest heart. With the immortal Shakespeare I believe that the man who has no music in him "is fit for treason, stratagems and spoils," and I cheerfully indorse

DELLA FOX AT DIFFERENT AGES.

The audience cheered poor little me until I thought my heart would beat through my sides, and the press next morning gave me such a hearty, generous meed of praise that I almost went delirious with joy. I had attained my highest ambitions. I had made my successful debut as a star and had won the plaudits of my compatriots as well as of the press and public, and at 21, an age at which most aspirants for operatic fame have scarcely mounted the first rungs of the ladder. I do not believe there was a happier girl in the universe than I on that eventful day.

But how I did suffer for weeks before our little bark was launched! For the first time in my life I had to assume responsibility and consult and advise with manager, stage manager, librettist and what not about every little point and number of the operetta, every little detail of stage mechanism, until I actually grew weak from worriment. As the day of presentation drew near I became excessively nervous. The last thought which sank into my brain at night when sleep overcame me and the first which flashed in the morning on awakening was, "Will Success crown my effort and put me to the fore in my profession or will failure crush my pretensions and relegate me to the rear for all time to come?" The mental strain was awful. The climax was reached when the gentleman who was originally agreed upon to write the opera for some reason threw up the task two weeks before presentation night. I thought then my heart would break. I sat down and had a good cry. That relieved me, and I again gained courage. Clay M. Greene, I was told, had agreed to assume the titanic task of completing the opera within the brief time allotted him. He did so nobly. We had a few swift but painstaking rehearsals, and, wonderful to relate, the delightful little opera was rendered without a single flaw. In fact, it made a signal hit and jumped into instantaneous popularity.

From that day on I have had a joyous existence. To quote our respected president, "My life has been one grand, sweet song." I have been fortunate enough to win the praise of the critics and the public not only in the metropolis of America, but in every city we have played "on the road."

My cup of happiness is now full to the brim, for again a kind public has accorded me its praise and approbation. "Fleur-de-[illegible]," the sprightly opera adapted from the French, in which I opened this year at Palmer's theater, has achieved a success quite as pronounced and every whit as enthusiastic as "The Little Trooper." If our company does as well in other cities as in New York, I will really believe that I am "a child of fortune," as some kind critics aver.

I attribute the success I have attained in my brief span of life to the fact that I have adopted a profession, or rather branch of a profession, suitable to my tastes and temperament. From childhood, yes, almost babyhood, I loved, doted on music. It was the very breath of my nostrils. If it has "charms to soothe the savage breast," what power, then, must it have over a worshipful devotee? And such I was. It may surprise some good people to know that I played the part of the Midshipmite in a juvenile "Pinafore" company at St. Louis when I was only 7 years of age. I mention this fact in no vainglorious spirit, but simply to show how long ago (15 years) the musical spirit seized me and that my success has not been achieved in a day. In fact, I have been almost constantly on the stage since my seventh birthday. Shortly after my debut in "Pinafore" I played the part of Editha in Augustus Thomas' dramatization of "Editha's Burglar." Subsequently I assumed the role of the child in "A Celebrated Case," in which James O'Neill was the star. When scarcely in my teens, I was made prima donna of the Bennett-Moulton Opera company, playing the principal roles of the repertory, which included "Bohemian Girl," "Fra Diavolo," "Chimes of Normandy" and "Pirates of Penzance." Some time after that I played for a season in Henrietta Comied's opera company in "The King's Fool." Then I joined De Wolf Hopper's company—dear old De Wolf Hopper, at whose hands I experienced so many acts of kindness and from whom I learned so much. It was after leaving Mr. Hopper's company a year ago that I made my debut as a star and won my spurs in "The Little Trooper."

I say that I love music. I do, and to its sweet melody I owe health and happiness as well as prosperity. Every human being should get as much of music into his or her soul as he or she can in this hurly burly, workaday, humdrum life. It lightens sorrow, it comforts the afflicted, it cheers the despairing, it softens the hardest heart. With the immortal Shakespeare I believe that the man who has no music in him "is fit for treason, stratagems and spoils," and I cheerfully indorse his injunction that "no such man be trusted."

It is the working masses especially, men and women who toil with their hands or labor with their brains, who should look to the sweet muse for transitory relief at least. To the sick, to men or women with fevered, jaded intellects, music is particularly beneficial. It beats a doctor's prescription "all hollow."

As a general position, then, I would say that the public—the workaday public—should, when it looks for recreation, seek that which elevates the spirits and not that which depresses them. It should look for jollity, not sorrow; comedy, not tragedy. For goodness knows we have enough of sorrow, misery and even tragedy in everyday life without going to the stage to witness the mimic woes of mankind. When a day's business is ended, man and woman should endeavor to forget tribulations and seek enjoyment in the evening. I remember one passage from dear old Longfellow which I learned when a wee bit of a girl, and, as the major said to the judge when asked to smile, "Them's my sentiments exactly." Here they are:

And the night shall be filled with music,
And the cares that infest the day
Shall fold their tents, like the Arabs,
And as silently steal away.

Della Fox.

New York.

Henry Irving's Coat of Arms.

Sir Henry Irving has just received a copy of the arms granted him by the heralds' college. The device is not taken from any heraldic source, but is based upon the achievements of the knight himself. The shield is of sable, and the four swans are of argent. In the center is a wreath of laurel, and a like wreath surrounds the helmet. Of course Sir Henry doesn't care a snap for all this fol-de-rol, but still the flesh is weak, and it is generally believed that the knight actor felt a temporary gratification when he received his honors.

The Liability of Wheelmen.

Judge Cooley of Michigan says a bicyclist employing an immoderate rate of speed on a highway or street may be liable civilly or criminally in cases of accident. If he recklessly runs his wheel against a pedestrian, he is liable for assault and battery. Recklessness will sometimes supply the place of criminal intent, and if a bicyclist kills a human being while going at a dangerous speed he may be convicted of manslaughter.

A More Difficult Task.

The fire commissioners are compelling New York managers to spend thousands of dollars on fire escapes to get people out of the buildings. It has been suggested that not a few of the managers would be glad to club together to find a genius to get people in them.

EIGHT OR TEN TEAMS.

That May Be the Size of the National League.

NO WINTER BASEBALL JUNKETING.

Southern and California Trips Both Given Up—Big Shake Up in Boston Next Year. A Project on Foot to End the Sunday Games Next Season.

For the first time in many years there will probably be no winter baseball trip made to the warmer climates by picked teams from the major clubs. The game in California has been at ebb tide for a year or more, so that there is no encouragement held out to winter excursionists. Cuba is scarcely in a state of mind to welcome a band of baseball speculators, and that expedition to Havana which was planned last spring has been indefinitely postponed. President Hart of Chicago a few months ago agitated the subject of taking a team of National league players to Australia. But he didn't receive proper encouragement, I presume, and we hear no more about it. The latest postseason tour planned was a trip through Virginia and the south by the members of the Baltimore and Philadelphia teams. The dates were so arranged that Dallas would be reached in the latter part of this month. The governor of Texas, when he reduced Dallas to the standing of an ordinary city, not only disappointed Corbett and Fitzsimmons, but got in a rib roaster on that baseball expedition. It may be a good thing that the two teams didn't start. These junketing after season trips are not calculated to enthuse lovers of the game, and the sport which they furnish is not usually of the class which arouses admiration in the provinces.

PITCHER DOHENY.

There are now four months in which baseball will be played indoors by the magnates, and we shall hear of deals, trades, dickers, "hnes out," "crackajacks," surprises, still hunts and such things ad libitum. There will be many changes in some of the big teams, especially in the New Yorks, Cincinnatis and Bostons. The two factions in the last named must be wiped out, conciliated or divorced. I think the split is so great that it can never be forced or coaxed together. The only remedy in such cases is to get rid of one or the other of the disturbing elements. Therefore several members of last season's Boston team are slated to go. McCarthy and Long may be the two who will be sacrificed.

When Selee agreed to remain in the management he specified that he should have exclusive control of the team next year. That means the humiliation of Nash. I should not be surprised therefore if Nash were found elsewhere in 1896. The club has two other men, Collins and Harrington, who can play third base. Tucker, too, wants to get away, and I have Selee's word for it that he would let him go if a satisfactory trade could be made. The shake up in the Boston team therefore will be considerable.

New York is also arranging for changes in its team. That excellent player, John Doyle, will be exchanged. No better general ball player can be found in the Union, but he mortally offended the club while in the management of the team last summer. This quarrel cannot be "made up." He will be exchanged. There is a general reaching out to secure his services, and a star will take his place in New York.

It is a settled fact that no player has even wanted to leave the New York club. Doyle is not an exception. He will leave with great reluctance. On the contrary, nine of every ten professional players have ambition to some day be a member of the Giants and play in New York.

The New York nine next season will have at least two new men on the infield, one in the outfield and a new man behind the bat. But the club's principal effort will be in the line of securing new pitchers that are young men. Rusie, Clarke and Meekin will be retained. In Doheny, Otto, Leach, Lynch and Bowen the number is increased to eight, and three more youngsters are to be tried. The success of Orth, Foreman, Friend, Hastings and Moran in the latter part of the season has encouraged this foraging for pitching talent. The most promising one of New York's bunch of novelties is Doheny, of whom I have already written. I predict that he has come to stay and in a few years will be in the front ranks.

Cincinnati will recruit heavily. President Brush owns the Indianapolis team also, and he can borrow from Peter to pay Paul. No doubt three or four of the members of the champion team of the Western league will be transferred to Cincinnati. The Western league holds a class A membership under the National agreement, and any National league club which drafts Western league players must pay $1,000 to the club on which the draft is made for each player so selected. In this case Mr. Brush will merely pay himself $1,000 per head for the pick from the Indianapolis team. It reminds me of Nat Goodwin's play of "The Skating Rink," where he sells tickets with one hand and takes them up at the turnstile with the other.

In a few weeks the National league will hold its annual meeting. As every club made money, a love feast is anticipated. It is by no means uncertain, however, that the circuit will not be reduced to eight or ten clubs. The St. Louis and Louisville people would be willing to withdraw and join what would be to them a more equitable central league. Mr. Von der Ahe's recent declaration in favor of reviving the old American association shows which way the wind blows. If the circuit be reduced, it will be by general agreement and to every club's entire satisfaction.

The transformation of the St. Louis club's grounds into a toy race track, on which a jockey was killed on the first day of the initial meeting, is going to give rise to a serious discussion when the magnates meet. The club will undoubtedly be requested to give up those grounds to either racing or baseball. The two sports as now conducted in St. Louis will not agree.

There is also a strong inclination to abolish Sunday games in the National league. Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Pittsburg have always opposed that feature of the sport. I know that Brooklyn and Baltimore stood ready to join the anti-Sunday playing advocates. Two more clubs are needed, however, to give the necessary two-thirds vote. Cleveland can be counted on, and Chicago holds the balance of power. Anson opposes Sunday playing. It rests therefore with President Hart, who is in reality A. G. Spalding's proxy, to say whether the National league shall play Sunday games next year. The question is thus entirely in Mr. Spalding's hands.

The winter baseball campaign on the whole promises to be very interesting.

O. P. CAYLOR.

WITH THE WHEELMEN.

John S. Johnson has an abnormally large chest expansion—eight inches.

Mike Dirnberger announces that he has retired permanently from the racing path.

John A. Lawson, the "terrible" one, has twice broken his collar bone within a short time.

This year Otto Ziegler, the Californian, has won a reputation as the unluckiest man on the path.

Frank J. Jenny is one of the largest and strongest racing men on the path. He was a stonecarver before he became a cyclist.

Titus is going to race in England in the professional ranks another year, and the American path will see him no more, it is said.

Billy Martin, the famous professional, intends to visit Australia soon and enjoy the benefits of the Zimmerman boom in the antipodes.

J. Michael, the English professional, has issued a challenge to meet any rider in the world, John S. Johnson preferred, in a series of three races from 1 to 12 miles for $1,000 to $2,500 a side.

Dwellers In Glass Houses, Etc.

Augustus Thomas came out before the curtain at the recent professional matinee of his play, "The Capitol," at the Standard theater, New York, and delivered a diatribe against Alan Dale, dramatic critic of the New York Evening World, who, in common with almost the entire metropolitan press, had labeled Thomas' play as a failure. Mr. Thomas slated Alan Dale as a writer of erotic novels. In this connection it is recalled that Thomas wrote a burlesque, "A Woman of No Deportment," which made even worldlings blush.

Georgia Cayvan's Tour.

Georgia Cayvan is in New York, and she will begin her starring tour, under the direction of Jefferson, Klaw & Erlanger, on or about March 1. Her managers are now negotiating with Richard Mansfield for Miss Cayvan's tour to begin at his Garrick theater, New York.

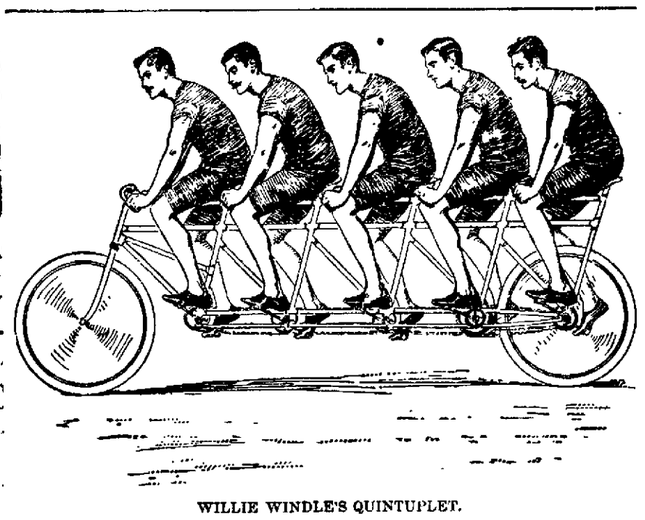
A BICYCLE BUILT FOR FIVE.

The Only Quintuplet In Existence and Its Work as a Pacemaker.

The only bicycle in the world that will carry five riders is the quintuplet built and owned by Peter J. Berlo, the professional cyclist, and used by Willie Windle, the famous amateur, in his recent assaults on Father Time. The machine weighs 103 pounds, is geared to 112, and its five riders tip the scales at the combined weight of about 750 pounds. The pneumatic tires are the strongest and best obtainable. They are 1¾ inches in diameter, and the only serious drawback to the perfect working of the machine is the strange heating of the rear tire when the "quint" is covering ground at a high rate of speed. The heat becomes so great that it has been a matter of difficulty to keep the tire cemented on.

The machine is designed solely for pacemaking purposes, and is a stirring sight as it comes down the track driven at terrific speed by ten strong and shapely legs. It has already paced the fastest mile ever ridden on a bicycle, and when the legal battle between Windle and Berlo over its possession is at an end it will undoubtedly be used in further attempts to lower the world's record against time.

Willie Windle was the foremost racing man in America from 1888 to 1891, when A. A. Zimmerman succeeded him, and proved conclusively that he was Windle's superior in a race. In 1891 Windle retired from the path and announced that he would never ride again. Not long ago, however, he became interested in a bicycle manufactory, and concluded to emerge from his retirement and attempt to place all class A records to the credit of himself and his wheel. Paced by the "quint" recently, he covered a mile in 1 minute 47 2-3 seconds, the fastest mile ever made by an amateur, and the same day Berlo rode in 1:46 4-5, a new professional record as well as a new world's record.



WILLIE WINDLE'S QUINTUPLET.

NEVER SUCH TESTIMONIALS

What the Mail Brings to the Paine's Celery Compound People.

What excuse is there for not getting strong and well? Paine's celery compound, the world's great remedy for nervous weakness, can be obtained at any druggists in any city or in any country town. One can get a heartier, healthier, appetite, purify the blood and increase its power of feeding the nerves and tissues by taking Paine's celery compound.

It is the greatest invigorator in existence. Convince yourself of the fact. Try it.

Testimonials for publications are taken quite at random by the present proprietors of this great remedy.

The letters are never 'doctored'

Titles are never placed before the names of untitled people. Honest but obscure men are never said to be "honorables." Everyday kind of men who have been made well by Paine's celery compound are never paraded before the public as 'The Great Mr. So-and-so," or "The Wonderfully Successful Mr. This-and-That." Cases of ordinary sickness are never elaborated into hideous, impossible diseases.

When it happens that the mail brings a heartfelt letter from such a man as State Treasurer Colvin, of New York, or Mr Carlisle's private secretary, or Edmund Russell, or Mayor McShane, of Montreal, or Rev. Fr. Ouellet, or Commodore Howell, or Mr. Gillam, of Judge, or Ida Lewis, or ex-Minister to Austria John M. Francis, or any other widely known man or woman who expressly wishes others to be benefitted by his or her experience, the proprietors of Paine's celery compound gladly give unsolicited testimonials to the public press:

But one person's health is as valuable as another's, and in publishing the testimonials of people whom this great remedy has made well and strong, no particular emphasis is put upon such person's official standing.

The world is made up of what Abraham Lincoln called the "plain people." It is they whom Pain's celery compound has most benefitted.

Here is a letter (verbatim) just received from Louisa Pierce, of Melette, S. D.: "I used Paine's celery compound first for rheumatism, and found that it helped me very much. I have since used it for nervousness and kidney trouble, and have received very much benefit from its use, and consider it one of the best of remedies. Mr. A. Cady's people use it and think they can hardly get along without it in the house. I know of several others that have used it that I am not acquainted with, but one other lady Mrs. Ondell, used it for nervousness, and it made her well."

There is the testimony of thousands. Paine's celery compound makes people well.

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ATTENTION, DEMOCRATS

Call for a Mass Convention to be held November 7.

TO ACT ON THE POSTMASTERSHIP

John McCane Issues a Proclamation Declaring That Popular Rights are to be Trampled Under Foot—He Calls Upon the Democratic Voters to Assert Themselves

To the Democratic Citizens of Massillon:

It has become apparent to the most unprejudiced mind that the Democratic voters of Massillon are to be excluded from all voice in the selection of a postmaster to succeed Mr. Russell. The so-called leaders of the party have arrogated to themselves the power of appointing an officer in whose selection all the people have the right to be heard. The time has come when the Democratic citizens must protect their rights in a Democratic way. As our committee fails to act in this matter, its very chairman now using that position to further his chances for office, I, as a citizen and taxpayer, hereby call upon Democrats of Massillon to assemble in mass convention, in the mayor's office, on November 7, there to take such action as they deem proper, and I hereby suggest that they make formal demand upon E. S. Raff to call for a popular election, to select a postmaster, and in case of his refusal so to do, appoint a committee to conduct such an election, and carry the result straight to the President. Let us know whether the Democrats or politicians shall control public affairs.

JOHN MCCANE

TELEGRAM FROM AL. CARLISLE

A day or two ago THE INDEPENDENT contained an article on the postoffice, concerning Al. Carlisle and the reported intention of the administration to defeat Mr. Shepley. It stated then that E. S. Howells doubted the accuracy of the views imputed to Mr. Carlisle and the story was given for what it was worth. Owing to his absence, probably, Mr. Carlisle could not reply to THE INDEPENDENT'S telegram of inquiry until this morning. He wires as follows:

"WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—I have never heard the matter discussed and have no information or knowledge that Shepley will or will not receive the appointment.

"AL. CARLISLE."

He Wants an Election.

MR. EDITOR—The plum that is expected to drop in the lap of some Democrat in the near future in the shape of a postmaster's commission, to succeed Mr. Russell, is stirring up the faithful from center to circumference. In this way, those who have "borne the heat and burdens of the day" in the past are anxious to know not only the qualifications of the several aspirants, but their service to the party in the past. Now, if President Cleveland, Senator Brice or Edward Raff are in doubt on this point, would it not be well to leave the selection to the dear people, or that portion that votes the Democratic ticket? This is Democratic, then the choice can feel happy, knowing he was selected by the people. "Vox populi, vox dei" could be written on the commission. I believe all the candidates would agree to some such method. Their native modesty, if not their Democracy, should dictate some such plan. A Democrat would not like to accept the place did he for a moment doubt he was the choice of his party. "Now is the accepted time"—before the election, if possible.

A DEMOCRAT.

TAYLER COMES TO TOWN

Congressman Robert H. Tayler spent Friday afternoon in town, and expects to be here off and on for a week, as his speaking engagements are in this vicinity. Mr. Tayler says that his position in the next House will be purely tentative. He has no new or startling theories to project, and expects to find out his committee assignments before determining upon his course.

DAY AND TURNER AT BEECH GROVE.

BEECH GROVE, Oct 26.—Robert H. Day, of Massillon, and Thomas F. Turner, of Canton, addressed a large and thoughtful audience in the school house last night. Mr. Day spoke mainly on national issues, showing in a forceful way what the improvident financial methods of the administration had done, and the necessity of securing Republican control of the senate. The mention of Foraker seemed to inspire the miners present, who can be counted upon to admire a bold, aggressive leader, with his dash and fire. Mr. Turner also spoke very strongly on the importance of electing a Republican delegation to the general assembly. He read extensively from the book on "Bosses and Boodle," written by that well known Democrat, Allen O. Myers, in which Myers criticises Senator Brice so severely.

TAYLER AT NAVARRE.

NAVARRE, Oct. 26.—Congressman Tayler spoke to a large audience here, last night, and would have had a larger crowd had his coming been properly advertised. He discussed both state and national issues, and especially the Brice question. He returned to Massillon with Mr. C. M. Russell, whose guest he was.

A Prominent Institution Endorses a Valuable Remedy.

Old Ladies' Home,
Toledo, O., Sept. 2, '93.

To the Bayer Medicine Co., Toledo, O.:

Gentlemen—Please send us some more of your Penetrating Oil. We have used it in the Home on a dozen patients in various cases, and never found a remedy which has more promptly and permanently relieved or cured rheumatic pains, neuralgia and stiff joints. We cannot remain without it, and it has become the most important remedy in our dispensary.

Yours truly,
MRS. MINNIE CHURCH,
Chief Nurse

For sale at all drug stores.

RAILROAD NOTES.

General Manager Blair Talks About the W. & L. E.

General Manager Blair, who has returned to Toledo from the East, announces that he has secured the consent of the New York board to make some extensive improvements on the Wheeling & Lake Erie bridges, replacing the present wooden bridges with steel structures. Mr. Blair says that the Wheeling's mineral business was never what it is at present. The company is hauling over 130 cars per day.

In speaking of the rate situation, General Manager Blair says: "To my mind there is no doubt that trunk line presidents will be able to reach a satisfactory agreement. I never saw a more determined set of men in my life. They are confronted with this proposition: They must either raise rates or reduce expenses. The only way to reduce expenses is to cut the wages of their employes, and the presidents do not propose to do that. Rates during the past ten years, and especially during the past three years, have been on the decline. No very sensitive cuts have been made, but they have been growing gradually weaker and weaker until now they are below a paying basis. The railroads must do something or go out of business. The presidents have made a good start. The effect of what they have done is felt already in Wall street railroad stock."

The circuit court of Mahoning county caused a sensation among attorneys and clients in railroad damage cases, Thursday, by reversing five cases in which verdicts had been rendered for the plaintiffs against railroad corporations, the court finding error in each case. Judge Laubie, who rendered the decision in one case, making it applicable to the others, said: "If such testimony as was presented by the plaintiff is allowed to stand, law is a farce and a travesty on justice." It is probable the effect will be to stop the large amount of litigation here about railroads which has clogged the courts and burdened the taxpayers of the county.

About the Locomotives.

A Toledo paper recently published the fact that the W. & L. E. company had shipped 12 locomotives to Pittsburg for repairs. W. R Suydam, chief of the engine department, stated today that but three engines had been forwarded to Pittsburg and these were locomotives needed immediately for heavy work and were the heaviest in service. They were built in Pittsburg and there the large castings required can be had without delay. Repair work will be continually given to Russell & Co., of Massillon. The engine now in their hands is being rapidly and skillfully rebuilt and the venture has proven a decided success.

HOEFFER'S STRANGE ACTIONS.

Tries to Preach, but Says a Mysterious Powder Knocked Him Out.

GREENVILLE, O., Oct. 28.—The Rev. Mr. Hoeffer, the Republican candidate for the legislature, charged with making an offer to the Democratic state executive committee to vote for a Democrat for senator if they would give him $1,500 for election expenses, appeared in the pulpit to preach Sunday. The church was crowded. Stenographers were there to take down the reverend gentleman's words. He was late coming, but was cool. He gave out the hymn and after it had been sung arose trembling all over. He said:

"Last night a boy waked me up at midnight at my house and brought me a powder which I took. I thought it was from Dr. Kerlin, my family physician at that time, but now I am morally certain it was not. I hoped it would give me strength, but it had the opposite effect. It will be impossible for me to say anything. This powder has deranged my mind."

With that he fell into a chair, his head leaning over the back his hands hanging limp. Women screamed and great excitement and confusion followed. Some shouted to bring him water. By some means he was partially revived; he said he did not know the boy that brought the medicine. To all cross questioning he answered 'My lips are glued.' He repeated this answer to all questions. Finally a deacon prayed that God would show the church what to do. Finally the preacher was carried home, where admission was denied to all callers, though it is reported that Rev. Hoeffer is recovering.

Convict Tries to Escape.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 28.—Jefferson Amberger, a Clinton county burglar, serving a two-year sentence, tried to escape from the penitentiary. Later he was found in a pit he had dug in a concealed place in the shop. He had in the pit a rope 25 feet long, a jug of coffee, a loaf of bread and four suits of underclothing. He said he had intended to scale the wall.

Victim of a Runaway.

STEUBENVILLE, O., Oct. 28.—Miss Alice MacDonald, sister of W. H. McDonald, the well known opera singer of the Bostonians, has died here of injuries received in a runaway accident.

SMALL OHIO HAPPENINGS.

The miners' mass convention voted by a two-thirds majority to declare the strike off at Massillon.

A hundred-foot trestle on the Cleveland, Canton and Southern has been burned at Zanesville.

Dr. John G. Gaskins of Amelia is under arrest for cutting Harvey Weaver with a razor. He gave bond for his appearance before the next grand jury.

William Clark, a sneak thief from Hamilton, while being transferred from the county jail to the workhouse at Portsmouth, succeeded in making his escape.

Walter Scanlan was arrested at Marion on a charge of stealing ready-made clothing, and was tried, convicted and sent to the Cleveland workhouse all on the same day.

Pickpockets worked the Democratic meeting at Upper Sandusky. Two strangers introduced Peter Wynandy, a prominent farmer, to Campbell, and when the introduction was over he was minus $72.

Perry Justice of London, one of the men injured in the recent sawmill boiler explosion near Somerford died as a result of his injuries. Coberly, the other victim of the explosion, it is thought will recover.

J. J. Wood, ex-probate judge, who recently moved from Kenton to Gibsonburg, is reported to have lost all his property, to the amount of $20,000, in the big $250,000 fire at that place.

NEW GORED SKIRTS.

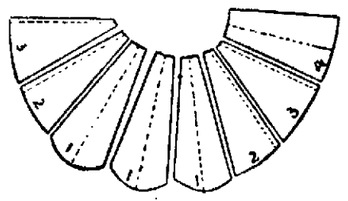
OLIVE HARPER GIVES DIRECTIONS FOR MAKING THEM.

Valuable Information For Amateur Dressmakers—How to Cut the Breadths and Lining—Directions For Sewing—The Ten Gored Design—Figured Goods.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—The new and handsome skirt adopted for this fall and winter is, in spite of its appearance, quite easily achieved by the amatuer dressmaker, and all she will have to do will be to read this letter and follow directions given in it and on the diagrams given here.

The first one is the eight gored walking skirt. This skirt never goes out of shape, sags or flattens. It will retain its shape as long as it lasts. If the material is silk or medium weight wool, it will require a full lining of cambric, or silk if the dressmaker wishes. The linings are to be cut exactly the same size as the outside and seamed up with the outside. The facing, whatever it is, is then added, and the velutina binding and the under ruffle, if one is desired. As to facings, the fiber chamois is a sort of wood pulp paper, quite soft and pliable, but my own experience with it rather tends to cause me to prefer something else for a gown that may be exposed to weather. A few of the best dressmakers are now using blue denim for the heavy, stiff facing, this to be covered, if so desired, with silk or mohair. The denim should be washed and ironed. It becomes very firm and stiff and never loses its qualities, while all other facings do, except barcloth, and everybody hates that prickly, unwieldy stuff.

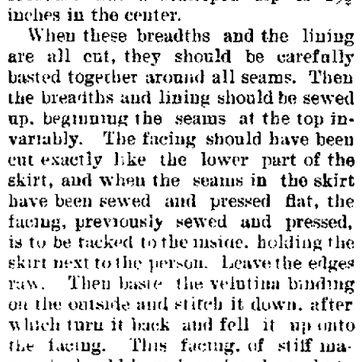


THE NEW EIGHT GORED SKIRT.

To begin, the lady must lay her folded goods on a flat surface, with the double fold in the exact center of the front breadth, which is numbered 4 in the diagram. Measuring the length of the skirt and allowing 2 inches for "take up" in the lengths, she marks the spot with a pin or piece of chalk. Then measure 12 inches at the top, 6 on the double and mark that across, beginning from the fold. Carry the line down diagonally, making the bottom of the front breadth 22 inches, 11 on the double and cut by the mark. If the goods are 40 or more inches wide, the side gores will come out of the same width. These two front side gores are marked 3. They are 3 inches at the top and each 18 inches at the bottom. The dotted line shows where the selvage goes. Next come the two back side gores. These are 4 inches at the top and 14 at the bottom and cut so that the straight edge joins the gore of the front side breadths. The three back breadths are cut on the straight center fold of the material and are gored on both sides. Each is 8 inches across the top and 22 at the bottom. Each of the three back breadths has a scalloped dip of 1½ inches in the center.

When these breadths and the lining are all cut, they should be carefully basted together around all seams. Then the breadths and lining should be sewed up, beginning the seams at the top invariably. The facing should have been cut exactly like the lower part of the skirt, and when the seams in the skirt have been sewed and pressed flat, the facing, previously sewed and pressed, is to be tacked to the inside, holding the skirt next to the person. Leave the edges raw. Then baste the velutina binding on the outside and stitch it down, after which turn it back and fell it up onto the facing. This facing, of stiff material, should have been faced nearly to the top with silk or mohair and this hemmed down—preferably by machine, as it is firmer. When this is all done, press the facing, always on the wrong side of the skirt, rubbing the iron upward from the edge of the skirt. The facing will be thus made to conform entirely and perfectly to the outside. After this is done the upper edge of the stiff facing may be notched and cut stitched down to the lining, or it may be bound with lustring ribbon and this slip stitched to the lining. The facing to the back breadths should be rounded down exactly like the outside and finished off in the same way.

If silken ruffles are added, they should be sewed to the facing after the rest is finished. The belt may be put on. The front breadth should be hollowed out at the top one inch and held full along the belt. No. 3 needs no fulling in. No. 2 is held a little loose on the belt. The three back breadths are laid in box plaits, each when done to be just one-third as wide as it was before plaiting. That will give a perfect hang to the skirt. One or two elastics may be set under the three back plaits if so desired, but as a general rule they are now left to hang naturally. The skirt may open anywhere, and the pocket may be put where the wearer prefers. This is a perfect skirt.



TEN GORED SKIRT WITH TRAIN.

The ten gored skirt can be made of woolen fabrics and walking length by cutting it straight around, only allowing for the dip of the three back breadths, but it is a design more calculated for evening wear where narrow goods are used, such as silk or velvet. The dark portion on the diagram shows the shape below the walking length for the train, also the depth of the silken facing required. In all other respects the skirt is cut and finished in the same way, with the exception of the slant of the gores. In this the front breadth is 8 inches at the top and 14 at the foot. The first and second side breadths are 4 inches top and 10 inches at the bottom. The third side breadths measure 2 inches at the top and 10 at the bottom. The three back breadths are 8 inches at the top, 24 at the walking line and 30 at the train length. The waist line will fit closely yet comfortably over the hips and the skirt hang perfectly if the same directions are carried out as those for the eight gored skirt. Blue denim or blue jeans is better for the stiff facing than anything, as it has firmness and body without stiffness and great weight. A thin wadding may be used in silk or satin gowns between lining and silk to give it body and richness.

Care must be taken to see that all the side breadths are sewed rightly—i. e., that the selvage edge always comes next the front bias one. There are four long seams in the ten gored skirt, where both edges are bias. A tape must be sewed in with these seams to prevent stretching, and if there is a figure in the goods care must be taken that it all runs one way. Figured goods are not economical. Some dressmakers pipe the waist instead of putting on a band. If these simple directions are followed, and the skirt given a final pressing with hot irons when finished, the happy dressmaker will have achieved a triumph.

OLIVE HARPER.

MAKING CORN A KING.

Odd Cereal Festivals In the Prairie Corn Regions.

[Special Correspondence.]

ATCHISON, Kan., Oct. 22.—What cotton is to the south corn is becoming to the west. The great fields of Indian maize which cover the prairies are the source of much of the wealth of the Missouri valley, and the manner of recognition of its importance is worthy the originality of the people. Cornhusking bees cannot be held, as the grain is shucked in the fields, while corn festivals are not only feasible, but unique, and attract much attention.

The originator of the corn festival aimed to make it different from all others on earth and succeeded. The one held here attracted thousands of visitors who came by the carload to see what could be done to crown King Corn in a becoming manner. There are no speeches, no programme, no procession. A dozen bands play when and where they will. The carriages and people are decorated with cornhusks, and the store fronts are built up with such lavish decorations as to make the streets seem like a field. At dusk handsome floats appear and display the oddities of fiction and poetry, with corn as the central feature. A prize is offered to the man who can drive with a load of watermelons through the street and not have them stolen. Several try, but none succeeds.

Maskers come out, and then begins the fun. Corn is the weapon of the enemy—shelled corn, dry, yellow kernels, hard as bullets and dried to ripe perfection in the glorious prairie autumn. Every one carries a sack of it and pelts his neighbor. The drivers of floats and the street car conductors are subjected to a rattling rain of corn. Thousands of feet tramp over the fallen grain, and as the supply grows less the store decorations are torn away to contribute to the hilarity. Midnight scarcely sees an end to the sport, and the next morning presents a street surface which needs only a generous rain and a fierce sun heat to be converted into a kind of huge loaf of corn bread.

It is remarkable what unique effects can be produced by means of the corn decorations. Dresses, capes and hats of husks, with cob and kernel trimmings, do not look so bad, and all sorts of pictures can be made of the particolored grains.

The corn of the rich Missouri bottoms is not the spindling growth of uplands or the six row variety of the eastern hills. It is a rank, luxurious, towering plant, often 10 and 12 feet in height, with huge ears, which test the strength of farmhands' wrists in breaking them from the stalk. The fields are like forests in summer and are rich in the best product of the farm in autumn.

Iowa recognizes the corn ascendency by erecting corn palaces, where the various uses of the plant are set forth, but the Kansas idea of a corn carnival has both the merits of enjoyment and impressiveness. Not alone are the visitors enabled to see the possibilities for odd features, but they are served at the hotels and restaurants on the occasion with corn in all the styles that good cooks and vivid imaginations can concoct.

The prairie farmer puts his faith in corn; he speculates in wheat. The former feeds his horses, his family and fattens his stock. It is little wonder that he enjoys putting an extra wreath on King Corn's brow and does it with thorough enthusiasm.

C. M. HARGER.

To Destroy the Weevil.

A flour jobber on the West Side is experimenting on a device for fumigating flour and flour mills to keep the weevil out. If he succeeds, he will make a fortune. Heretofore any device that would kill the weevil spoiled the flour.—Chicago Tribune.

The Iowa Hog.

The Castana Times tells of a hog which a farmer buried under the supposition that it was dead, but the rain washed the carcass out of the earth and the hog returned to his feed. That is the kind of hogs Iowa farmers raise.—Sioux City Journal.

Neuralgia

ATTACKS THE EYES

Makes THE LIGHT Unbearable.

PERMANENTLY CURED BY USING

Ayer's Pills

"My husband was subject to severe attacks of neuralgia which caused him great pain and suffering. The pains were principally about his eyes, and he often had to remain in a darkened room, not being able to stand the light. Ayer's Pills being recommended, he tried them, using one before each meal. They very soon afforded relief, followed by permanent cure. I am a strong believer in the efficacy of Ayer's Pills, and would not be without them for ten times their cost."—Mrs. M. E. DEBAT, Liberty, Tex.

"I have used Ayer's Pills in my family for forty years, and regard them as the very best.—Uncle MARTIN HANCOCK, Lake City, Fla.

AYER'S PILLS

Received Highest Awards AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

DIRECTIONS for using CREAM BALM

Apply a particle of the Balm directly into the nostrils. After a moment draw strong breath through the nose. Use three times a day, after meals preferred, and before retiring.

ELY'S Cream Balm Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Protects the Membrane from Colds. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once. Price 50 cts. at druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

CATARRH

COLD IN HEAD

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

MAMMOTH

CLOSING OUT SALE OF DRY GOODS!

$35,000—WORTH—$35,000

Sale Commences Saturday Morning, Oct. 26th.

Not being able to make a satisfactory lease with our landlord, we will be compelled to vacate our present room by April 1, 1896.

Every Dollar's Worth of Goods Must be Sold by that Time.

Our force of clerks are now busy marking over the goods, and **BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT** may be looked for. It certainly will be without exception the **GREATEST SACRIFICE SALE** ever held in Stark County. Every department is chuck full of bran **NEW GOODS**, bought especially for our **Fall and Winter trade** at the **LOWEST PRICES** ever known to the Dry Goods trade, and they **will never** be bought at those prices again. Already they have advanced 10 to 20 **per cent**, and the end is not yet. The wise will make hay while the sun shines. **We can** sell you anything you want in our line, at one third less than can be **bought elsewhere.**

Our line of **Fur Capes, Ladies' and Children's Coats**, Dress Goods, **Blankets**, Underwear, Curtains, Corsets, etc., is complete, and our low prices **will move** them in short order.

Children's All Wool Underwear from 20 cents, up.
Men's Wool Underwear, 50 cents; cheap at 75 cents.
Ladies' Grey Ribbed Underwear, 21 cents. These goods are worth 35 **cents.**
Three Cases 10 4 Grey Cotton Blankets, 45 cents per pair.
Ten Thousand Yards Lancaster Ginghams, manufacturer's price 5½ **cents**, our price 5 cents.
Two Cases Best Blue Indigo Prints, 4 cents a yard.
One line of Ladies' Coats will be placed on sale at $1 00 each.
Now will be an elegant time to buy your Lace Curtains, they **range from 75** cents per pair, up.
Time and space does not permit of giving further prices here, **but a visit to** our store will more than convince you that you have never seen prices so low.

This Sale is no Sham, and Every Dollar's Worth of Goods Must be Sold. We are Positively Going Out of Business.

No Goods Laid Away. Terms, Strictly Cash.

Crone's Dry Goods Store,

Cor. Main and Erie Sts., Massillon, O.

WARTHORST & Co.

QUARRY.

BRICK. - - BRICK.

Massillon, O.

TAXES FOR 1895.

Notice to Tax-Payers of Stark County.

In pursuance of law, I hereby notify the Tax-payers of Stark County that the rates of Taxation for the year 1895 are correctly stated in the following Tables, showing the amount of Tax levied on each dollar of valuation of taxable property as charged upon the Tax Duplicate of said County, for the year of 1895;

TOWNSHIPS	STATE. Mills	STATE. 10ths	COUNTY. Mills	COUNTY. 10ths	ROAD. Mills	ROAD. 10ths	TOWNSHIP. Mills	TOWNSHIP. 10ths	SCHOOL Mills	SCHOOL 10ths	SUNDRY SPECIAL. Mills	SUNDRY SPECIAL. 10ths	POOR. Mills	POOR. 10ths	DEC. RATE. Mills	DEC. RATE. 10ths	JUNE RATE. Mills	JUNE RATE. 10ths	TOTAL Mills	TOTAL 10ths
Bethlehem	2	7½	5	6½	1	....	.....	3	5	7	.....	.....	.....	2	8	3	7	3	16	0
Canton	2	7½	5	6½	1	5	.....	1	5	8	.....	5	.....	6	3	7	6	2	13	9
Jackson	2	7½	5	6½	1	....	.....	1	5	8	5	.....	.....	3	7	8	6	6	14	2
Lake	2	7½	5	6½	1	....	.....	....	5	8	5	.....	.....	.....	8	8	6	2½	15	5
Lawrence	2	7½	5	6½	1	4	.....	....	5	8	5	.....	.....	3	2	8	6	1½	14	9
Lexington	2	7½	5	6½	1	....	.....	....	5	8	5	.....	1	1	.....	8	6	3½	13	7
Marlboro	2	7½	5	6½	1	....	.....	1	6	4	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	9	6	1½	17	3
Nimishillen	2	7½	5	6½	1	2	.....	....	3	4	2	3	.....	.....	2	7	5	8	12	8
Osnaburg	2	7½	5	6½	1	2	.....	....	3	4	2	3	.....	.....	2	7	5	8	12	8
Paris	2	7½	5	6½	1	4	1	....	3	4	2	3	.....	.....	2	7	5	8	12	8
Perry	2	7½	5	6½	2	....	.....	1	3	8	.....	7	.....	.....	2	7	5	8	12	8
Pike	2	7½	5	6½	1	6	1	1	3	8	.....	6	.....	.....	2	7	5	8	12	8
Plain	2	7½	5	6½	1	....	.....	1	5	4	2	5	.....	3	.....	7	6	4	14	6
Sandy	2	7½	5	6½	....	5	.....	....	5	4	2	3	.....	1	2	7	6	2	16	4
Sugarcreek	2	7½	5	6½	1	....	.....	....	5	4	2	3	.....	3	9	7	6	4	16	4
Tuscarawas	2	7½	5	6½	1	2	.....	....	6	4	3	6	.....	1	5	7	6	8	14	6
Washington	2	7½	5	6½	1	....	1	....	6	4	3	5	.....	.....	.....	7	6	2	15	6
																8	6	4½	13	9

CORPORATION AND SPECIAL SCHOOL	STATE AND COUNTY. Mills	STATE AND COUNTY. 10ths	ROAD. Mills	ROAD. 10ths	TOWNSHIP. Mills	TOWNSHIP. 10ths	CORPORATION. Mills	CORPORATION. 10ths	SCHOOL. Mills	SCHOOL. 10ths	POOR RATE. Mills	POOR RATE. 10ths	DEC. RATE. Mills	DEC. RATE. 10ths	JUNE RATE. Mills	JUNE RATE. 10ths	TOTAL. Mills	TOTAL. 10ths
Alliance	8	4	.....	.....	.....	6	10	.....	9	.....	.....	2	11	½	14	½	28	1
Beach City	8	4	.....	.....	.....	8	2	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	10	6	10	6	2	2
Canton	8	4	.....	.....	.....	1	12	.....	8	.....	.....	6	14	5½	14	5½	29	1
Canal Fulton	8	4	.....	.....	.....	8	4	5	10	5	.....	.....	12	1	12	1	24	2
Clinton	8	4	1	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	8	.....	3	7	9	6	5	14	4
Greentown	8	4	1	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	10	5	9	5	20	.....
Hostetter	8	4	.....	4	1	4	.....	.....	2	5	.....	2	6	5	6	1	12	6
Limaville	8	4	.....	.....	.....	6	5	.....	3	.....	.....	2	8	3	8	3	16	6
Louisville	8	4	.....	.....	.....	4	10	.....	3	.....	.....	2	11	.....	11	.....	22	2
Magnolia	8	4	.....	5	2	4	.....	5	2	3	.....	1	7	8½	6	8½	14	2
Marlboro	8	4	1	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	9	6½	9	6½	20	3
Massillon	8	4	.....	.....	.....	2	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	14	6	14	6	29	2
Minerva	8	4	.....	.....	1	.....	6	2	.....	.....	.....	2	10	4½	10	4½	20	4
Mt. Union, Washington Tp.	8	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	7	13	7	27	4
Mapleton	8	4	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	5	.....	2	7	2½	6	½	13	3
Navarre	8	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	5	5	8	.....	2	9	4½	9	4½	18	9
New Berlin	8	4	1	.....	1	4	.....	.....	2	5	.....	2	10	2	9	2	19	4
New Franklin	8	4	.....	4	1	4	.....	.....	1	5	.....	2	9	6½	7	6½	14	9
Osnaburg	8	4	.....	.....	.....	3	7	.....	3	5	.....	2	9	7	7	7	19	4
Uniontown	8	4	1	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	10	5	.....	.....	10	7½	9	7½	20	5
Waynesburg	8	4	1	.....	2	4	1	5	4	.....	.....	1	9	2	8	2	17	4
Wilmot	8	4	.....	.....	.....	6	4	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	9	4	8	4	18	8
West Brookfield	8	4	1	2	.....	6	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	8	8	4	7	6	16	.....

STATE RATE.	RATE. Mills	RATE. 10ths
Ohio State University	....	½
General Revenue	1	¼
State Comm'n School	1	....
Sinking Fund	....	3
Total.	2	7½

COUNTY RATE.	RATE. Mills	RATE. 10ths
Work House	....	5
County	1	6
Bridge	1	1
Children's Home	....	2
Poor	.....	2½
Soldier's Relief	.....	2½
Indebtedness	.....	3½
Building	1	....
Election	.....	2
Total.	5	1½

The Treasurer's office will be open between the hours of 8 a. m. and 4 p. m., from the 1st day of October to the 20th day of December, 1895, and from the 1st day of April to the 20th day of June, 1896, for the purpose of receiving the taxes charged on the Tax Duplicate for the year 1895.

The law declares that "each person" charged with taxes on the Tax Duplicate in the hands of a County Treasurer may pay the full amount of such taxes on or before the 20th day of December, or one-half thereof on or before the 20th day of December, and the remaining half thereof on or before the 20th day of June next ensuing; but all road taxes shall be paid prior to the 20th day of December.

The time being limited by law when the Treasurer and Auditor must make their settlement, and the Treasurer pay over the money to the proper authorities, the taxpayers are hereby notified that the Delinquent List will be made up immediately after the 20th day of December, and the taxes collected according to the following section of the Revised Statutes:

SECTION 1094. When one-half of the taxes as aforesaid charged against any entry on the Tax Duplicate in the hands of the County Treasurer, is not paid before the 20th day of December next after the same has been so charged, or when the remainder of such taxes is not paid on or before the 20th day of June next thereafter, the County Treasurer shall proceed to collect the same by distress or otherwise, together **WITH THE PENALTY OF FIVE PER CENT.** on the amount of taxes so delinquent; and in all cases where such half of any taxes, other than real estate, has not been paid on the 20th of December, the whole amount of taxes, other than real estate for the current year so charged, shall be due and delinquent, and shall be collected in the manner and with the penalty provided in this Section.

When you ask by letter or postal card for the amount of your taxes, designate your property clearly. State in whose name, in what Township and Section, and Number of Acres, in what Town and Number of Lot. Send stamp for answer.

Send money by Certificate of Deposit, Post Office Money Order, Registered Letter or Express. All checks taken at sender's risk.

While every effort will be made to accommodate all parties paying taxes, taxpayers are urgently requested to call early and pay their taxes and thus save themselves, as well as the Treasurer, a great deal of time and trouble, and prevent the disagreeable rush at the close of the season.

☞ To insure a prompt answer all inquiries regarding taxes made by letter, should be forwarded prior to December, 10th and June 10th.

JACOB GEIB, Treasurer of Stark County, Ohio.

Treasurer's office, Canton, Stark Co., O., October 1, 1895.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
INDEPENDENT BUILDING.
48 North Erie St., - Massillon, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1868.
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.

Telephone No. 60.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1895.

Ex-Governor Campbell may consider himself an issue, but the real issue is Brice. The question to be determined is whether a Wall street speculator or an Ohioan shall serve this state in the senate.

Governor McKinley will come to Massillon on Monday next to close the campaign. This means, of course, that business will be practically suspended, and THE INDEPENDENT suggests, for the convenience and benefit of all concerned, that Monday afternoon be made a half holiday.

Mayor McCadden, of Canal Fulton, candidate for representative on the Democratic ticket, has a record at home that is a stench in the nostrils of the community. Is it good public policy to enlarge his field of operations? Or shall we elect high minded men like George W Wilhelm and Thomas Austin.

There are two men named Williams, both candidates for the general assembly, and both citizens of Alliance. There the resemblance ends. Silas J. Williams is a Republican, running for state senator. He is a good man and everybody knows that when elected he will vote for J. B. Foraker. R. G. Williams is a Democrat, running for representative. He is a shifty fellow, and everybody knows, should an unkind providence bring about his election, he would vote for Calvin S. Brice.

The important fact happens to be that Treasurer Geib has kept the funds of the people of Stark county for the people of Stark county. That is rather more than any Democratic county treasurer has done for twenty years. Mr. Geib has not compelled the county to pay the cost of employing an expert to investigate the books, and then pay also the expense of trying a defendant for creating a shortage. The voters of Stark county should continually bear in mind that while Jacob Geib is on guard, the money of the people is safe.

It is none too early for the merchants of Massillon to take steps for increasing their trading area for the holidays. There is no doubt that arrangements can be made with the north and south railroads for shopping excursions at regular intervals. For people residing as far south as Bowerston, and as far north as Norwalk, Massillon is the best and most available trading point, and nothing is needed except a little local effort to bring those people here. THE INDEPENDENT is informed that the railroads will gladly co-operate with the business men. No time should be lost.

There is no room for doubt that the last cards of the Democratic managers are about to be played. A gentleman who is deep in the mysteries of the central committee has said that first the Populist vote is to be forced back into the Democratic column in this county, by fair means or foul. The next point of attack will be upon the Republican column, and the method will be to make it to the advantage of Republican voters to remain at home on election day. The Republican victory is already won, if the vote can be gotten out. Let every citizen vote early, and see that his neighbor does likewise. In this year of Brieism every stay-at-home Republican voter will be an object of suspicion Get out the full vote!

The Canton News Democrat with blundering inaccuracy undertakes to question ex-Major Reed's capacity as prosecutive county auditor, and intimates that the people of Massillon know what he is Exactly, the people of Massillon do They elected him mayor of the city for two successive terms and when he declined to seek a third, compelled him, very much against his will, to accept a seat in the council He sat there, like a rock, all last year, voting no wild expenditures of money were proposed, and he knew that the fund from which it should come was empty. He is a man of good hard sense, trained in business methods, and possessed of a native shrewdness and aptitude that combine to make him exactly the man for auditor

Private Dalzell, without whom Caldwell, O., would remain in the obscurity of many hundreds of numdrum villages, has made his annual guess, and as the Private generally comes very close indeed to the facts he says: "I have given particular attention to political matters this fall, and I find the Republicans will be in the lead everywhere. Bushnell's majority will be over 50,000. legislature Republican on joint ballot 20 or more, Noble county will elect every man on the Republican ticket by not less than 150 majority These are my lowest figures, and if I ever bet I would wager $100 to $10 that the result will justify the above guess increased more than 50 per cent. above the conservative figures I have given you." He is of the opinion that Republicans will be victorious everywhere.

The bloomer question is gently agitating the minds of the members of Canton's Sorosis, and at the Monday meeting, after an animated discussion:

"Mrs. S. Barr offered an amendment declaring that women should not wear bloomers without skirts. A second amendment followed that bloomers should be worn for bicycling and for country walks. Then the whole matter went over to next meeting."

It is very clear, from the foregoing, that the women of Canton are disposed to trim on the bloomer issue. The fact of the matter is, the bloomer is essentially hideous, and men do not like it, and its reign will be short lived. Mrs. Higley seems to have absorbed this idea, for she declared that "they were objectionable because of making prominent any defects of the form." In other words, in woman's costuming utility will be subordinated to art, ever. It is the way of the world.

There is only one great issue in Ohio this year and that is Briceism. But there are many candidates, among them Wm. M. Reed, ex-mayor of Massillon, and a competent man. He is a candidate for auditor. Nominated fairly and squarely, he is entitled to every vote that is credited to his party. No man who voted at the primary election has any right to reject its results, since they were brought about by clean methods. To do otherwise is subversive to party discipline, without which principles cannot be maintained and the leaders who represent them elected. It may seem to some people that the offices of auditor, county clerk and so on, have no bearing upon national issues, yet if they will stop to consider that it is the candidates for the local offices who can be depended upon to perform the vast amount of labor required in getting out the vote and working up interest in the general cause, the importance of sustaining them becomes apparent. In Mr. Reed's case, for instance, no man has worked harder, or to better purpose, as committeeman or volunteer worker in the cause of Republicanism, and no Republican can afford to ignore such efforts.

COL. DWIGHT JARVIS.

It is hardly needful to tell the people of Stark county who Col. Dwight Jarvis is. Everybody recalls him. In a letter written from Tampa, Fla., and bearing recent date, he says to his brother, Charles E. Jarvis, of this city:

"I see the Republicans of Stark county have nominated my old friend and comrade, Dick Crawford, as county commissioner. Surely they could not have nominated a more honest, upright or harder worker than Dick, and let me tell you right now he will fight for the interest of the citizens of Stark county, and I know it. I have the credit of being the first volunteer from Stark county. Had it not been for sickness in his family at that time (April 16, 1861) I have always believed R. B. Crawford would have been the second. It was in 1862 that he joined the thirteenth regiment with a large squad of recruits. Their first battle was Stone river. The records show how he and his men behaved in that fight; also all through their term of enlistment. There were none more brave, none more honest than Dick. I have known him for more than forty years, have been connected with him in the fire department for years, in business and in the army, and I never knew him to do a cowardly or mean act in his life. The Republicans of Stark county could not have found a man better qualified to look out for the interest of the taxpayers. D. JARVIS."

JUDGE TAYLOR.

In all the political turmoil in which Stark county has been involved, it has been found possible to elect to the bench of the court of common pleas men of high personal character and recognized legal ability. Indeed, the bench and bar of Stark county have a deserved high standing throughout the state, due to the jealous care with which nominations and elections for judicial honors have been effected No breath of scandal has ever been raised against our judges, whether they have happened to be Democrats or Republicans This fall, for the first time in many years, a serious attempt is being made to elevate to the bench a politician, one John C. Given, who nomination is the result of a corrupt bargain between Populists and Democrats Mr. Given could not hope to succeed, running on either ticket alone, but he has been "endorsed" by both Democrats and Populists, and with their combined strength expects to be elected. Mr. Given is more of a Populist than a Democrat, and his nomination by the latter party is in payment of a deal with a ring of self seeking Populists who have agreed in return to deliver the Populist vote for state senator to Charles A Krider.

It is true that Mr. Krider has been forced off of the Populist ticket, but the ringsters are still quite confident that they can turn the Pop distrength over to Krider The transaction in political affairs can see what the bargain whereby Given and Krider are to be benefitted is a corrupt political scheme, that might be characterized by more obnoxious terms

On the Republican ticket, the candidate for judge of the court of common pleas, is Isaac H Taylor, whose worth and fitness have been demonstrated in the past, and whose services have met with approbation on every side Citizens of every party should study this question well, and, rising to the support of Judge Taylor, instruct the politicians of all parties that in their bargaining they must exclude candidates for the office that most nearly concerns not only the rights but liberties of all the people.

ANOTHER CHILD BURNED

Postmaster Walker's Shocking Bereavement at Navarre.

HIS LITTLE SON'S AWFUL DEATH

Fatally Burned While Playing About a Bon-Fire—An Accident that Occurs Just Four Years After the Loss of a Daughter From Similar Cause.

NAVARRE, Oct. 28.—While left alone in the yard, on Saturday noon, Thomas, the 4-year-old son of Postmaster Walker, fanned a heap of smouldering leaves into a flame, and set his clothes on fire. With great presence of mind Mrs. Walker caught the child and rolled him in the grass to extinguish the flames The little one's face, right arm and about one-third of the surface of his body were badly burned. Death relieved the sufferings of the little one Sunday noon. The funeral will take place from St. Clement's church Tuesday morning Four years ago the 16th inst., Mr. Walker's little daughter, Elnora, lost her life by setting her clothing on fire at the kitchen stove.

Capt. Clutz and H. W. Loeffler were in town Sunday.

An evangelist of Delaware will assist the Rev. Seth Upham in series of revival meeting in the M. E. church for ten days beginning Nov. 1.

Invitations have been issued by Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Carl requesting the presence of their friends at the marriage of their daughter, Eva Nora to Oscar J. VanDorsten at noon on Thursday, October 31.

The Dow Process Co.'s plant is about completed and will begin operations as soon as the dynamo is put in place.

Supt. A. C. Baker and J. W. Gillam attended the lecture given by Dr. Scovel before the Canton O. T. R. C., last Friday evening.

Charles Brown, of Massillon, spent Sunday with his parents, east of town.

William Myers was surprised by about forty of his young friends calling at his home, in Canal street, Saturday evening, to remind him that he would be twenty-one years of age on Monday. A splendid menu was served. The young man received a number of presents. The evening was spent in playing cards, and in dancing to the music of the Dundee orchestra. Guests from Canton, Beach City and Dundee were present.

Eighteen of the Rev. Mr. Yoder's Canton parishioners, with well filled baskets, came to tender their pastor a surprise on Saturday evening.

CARD FROM MR. WOLF.

NAVARRE, Oct. 28, 1895.

To William Lynch, Canton, O.:

Will your company give bankable paper for money enough to build the electric line from Massillon to Navarre?

D. J. WOLF.

B. B. Luke and wife have returned from an extended visit with Holmes county relatives.

R. B. WASSON INSANE.

WOOSTER, O., Oct, 28. — Saturday morning ex-County Treasurer R. B. Wasson was adjudged insane and at once taken to the Toledo asylum.

A HUSKING BEE.

REEDURBAN, Oct. 28.—A number of Massillonians attended the husking bee at the farm of Jacob Ricker, Friday evening. The festivities ended with a supper and dance.

ALL SORTS FROM ORRVILLE.

ORRVILLE, Oct. 29 —Mrs. G. W. Yenser, whose husband deserted her and is said to be living with another woman at Warren, intends to take up her residence in Orrville. Fifty farmers near Wooster who have been raising cucumbers on contract for the Heinz pickling works, met last week and organized an association to be known as the Wooster Vegetable Growers' Association....Hog cholera has broken out among the hogs southwest of Wooster, and one farmer is reported to have lost twenty.

THE MINING RATE.

Referee Little will Announce His Decision After Election.

COLUMBUS, Oct 28.—John Little, of Xenia, who was elected to arbitrate the dispute between the Ohio coal operators and miners will meet the general committee in this city on Saturday next. The question to be decided is "What is now the prevailing rate for mining in the Pittsburg district?" This has for years been the basis of the Ohio rate with a nine cent differential in favor of this state The rate to be paid will be based on the finding of the arbitrator, for his decision is to be final. President Ratchford, of the Ohio division, is very hopeful, and expresses the opinion that the outlook is better in this state than it has been for some years. The operators and miners have agreed that the arbitrator shall not make his report until after the election.

A Storm at Sea

Increases the discomfort of the voyager. But even when the weather is not tempestuous he is liable to sea sickness. They who traverse the "gigantic wetness" should be provided with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which quiet disordered stomachs with gratifying speed and certainty To the hurtful influence of a tropic, malarious or too rigorous or damp climate, as well as to the baneful effects of unwholesome diet and bad water, it is a reliable antidote. Commercial travelers by sea or land, marinets, miners, western pioneers, and all who have to encounter vicissitudes of climate and temperature, concur in pronouncing it the best safeguard It prevents rheumatism and pulmonery attacks in consequence of damp and cold, and it is an efficient defense against all forms of malaria It can be depended upon in dyspepsia, liver and kidney trouble.

It is a truth in medicine that the smallest dose that performs a cure is the best DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the smallest pills, will perform a cure, and are the best. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

MRS. AULTMAN'S AFFAIRS.

She Asks for the Removal of Guardian L. L. Miller.

CANTON, Oct. 28.—Mrs. Kate B. Aultman, widow of the late C. Aultman, by her attorneys, J. A. Ambler, J. C Welty and Atlee Pomerene, filed a petition in court, about noon, praying for the removal of her guardian, L. L. Miller The case possesses many features of uncommon interest. Mrs. Aultman, it was alleged, on December 5, 1891, was an imbecile, and on January 7, 1892, Dr. H. Phillips filed a petition asking for the appointment of a guardian to control her great business interests. Judge Fawcett appointed L. L. Miller to take charge of her affairs. It was charged that prior to Mr. Miller's appointment Mrs Aultman was under the influence of Lizzie Bast and Lena Brankle, servants who had been in her employ for years, and who induced her to refuse to see Mr. Miller or the physicians he sent to her, on the ground that he was conspiring to have her sent to an asylum. It was also alleged that these girls had about persuaded Mrs. Aultman to become a Catholic, and to assign to that church much of her property. The two girls were dismissed by order of the court. Matters went along fairly well until recently, when Mrs. Aultman manifested a strong desire to endow the Aultman hospital with means sufficient for its managers to carry on their work without embarrassment. She is also said to have had other endowments in mind These were opposed by Mr. Miller. According to her petition, she is not now and never has been incapable of conducting her own affairs, and is not an imbecile.

It is charged in the petition that at the time of L. L. Miller's appointment Mrs. Aultman was in ill health and therefore temporarily incapable of attending to business and property, but she was not an imbecile nor has she since been one, therefore the appointment was improperly made. The petition further states that if at the time mentioned she was an imbecile she has since been fully restored to reason and is now entirely capable of managing her property and estate and of caring for herself. She claims that she had no conception of the nature of the appointment until about December 26, 1894; then she immediately consulted counsel and took steps to have the letters of guardianship set aside.

TRAINING AND COOKING SCHOOL.

There is every reason to anticipate the incorporation of manual training and cooking departments in the Canton public schools. A committee that went to Cleveland for the purpose of investigating has reported:

"Your committee inquired into the cost of equipping and maintaining of a manual training school. The entire plant need not be placed in all at one time; each year a department could be equipped, and the entire cost would thus cover a period of five years. We have estimated that the first year would cost for equipping $700, instructor $750, and running expenses $100. Total, $1,750.

"The cooking school could be equipped for $100, instructor $600, and running expenses $100; total $800. Total cost of both departments $2,550. This includes $1,350 for instructors. This expense of $800 for equipment each year for five years would be sufficient to furnish this department of our work with all tools, machines, etc., needed to enable the instructors to successfully teach manual training, and your committee would recommend that manual training be established in the public schools, and that this board adopt this report and empower the proper committee to take the necessary steps to bring about the desired end, viz: that manual training be made an addition to our course of study. The report was adopted."

A DEMURRER FILED.

Attorneys Pease, Baldwin and Young have filed demurrers in the cases of Ohio against James Myers and Anna Scott, claiming the proof to the charge under which they were indicted insufficient to warrant trial.

PROBATE COURT NOTES

The will of John B. Griffith, of Osnaburg township, has been filed for probate; also the will of Henry Meeser, of Osnaburg township.

J W. Schuckers an J R Lawrence are the administrators appointed in the estate of John P Lawrence, of Lawrence township.

HE FACED THE MUSIC.

Albert Arthur Wisely Concluded to Return to Massillon.

Albert Arthur, the young man who two weeks ago assaulted Policeman Peter Hollender, and then left for parts unknown, decided on Saturday that he would throw himself upon the mercy of Mayor Schott, and returned home. He appeared at police headquarters this morning and was fined $50 and costs, amounting in all to $55.

The charge against young Arthur was modified from resisting an officer to fighting, intoxication and disturbing the peace, making it a local instead of a state case.

Mr. Krider and Brice.

There is treason in the Democratic camp. Ex-Sheriff Krider says that he is not a supporter of Calvin S. Brice. In conversation this morning he complained that his letter to the journal asking him how he intended to vote for senator, if elected, had not been published "I answered," said Mr. Krider, "John A. MacMahon or Virgil P. Kline, respectively I had a notion to add, 'All millionaires barred.'"

Miss Keller Vindicated.

Mrs. Mary Geisel who pleaded not guilty to the charge of criminal libel preferred by Miss Edith Keller last week before Justice Folger, appeared in court today and charged her plea to guilty. She paid the costs and was discharged

A. G. Bartley, of Magic, Pa., writes: I feel it a duty of mine to inform you and the public that De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve cured me of a very bad case of eczema. It also cured my boy of a running sore on his leg. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

The INDEPENDENT Co. prints report cards just the way the teacher wants them.

THE KRAUSE MINE FIRE.

All the Outside Buildings Destroyed.

THE LOSS IS OVER $5,000.

A Serious Blow to the Company on the Eve of Resumption of Operations—The Cause Enveloped in Mystery—Several W. & L. E. Cars Destroyed.

For nearly three hours a disastrous fire burned at the E. G. Krause & Co.'s mine No. 2, Monday morning. The flames were first discovered in the engine house at 5:30, and in a very short time that structure was in ashes. The coal tipple was also consumed, and the mine machinery was damaged beyond repair. A call for assistance was wired to this city and answered promptly by Fire Chief Burkle, Foreman Baatz and a number of volunteers, armed with hose and the fire engine.

The engine reached the scene of the conflagration, a mile west of Brookfield, in less than twenty-five minutes, and the supply of hose, which was loaded upon a special W. & L. E. train arrived shortly in advance. Water was extremely scarce, the only supply being furnished by a small creek 1,100 feet distant from the mine.

The engine did not prove equal to the occasion, and the packing blew out. This greatly handicapped the fire-fighting force, but the steamer was repaired somewhat and forced a small stream upon the flames until the water supply gave out.

When the firemen reached the mine the out buildings and tipple were already gone, and their efforts were united in a brave fight to keep the fire from reaching the inside of the mine. They succeeded in extinguishing the flames after the shaft casing had been burned to the depth of twenty feet. Luckily the miners had not yet been lowered into the shaft. They had just begun to assemble prepared to resume work. No mules were imprisoned in the mine, and the one man who was lowered before the fire broke out escaped by the air shaft.

Superintendent Henry Leahy, of the mine, stated that the loss could not yet be estimated. It will probably reach $5,000, however, and possibly more. Work will be commenced at once to get the mine again in running order, but it will take fully two weeks to rebuild.

Several men desirous of doing a service loosened the brakes on three loaded W. & L. E. cars, one of which was on fire, intending to run them down the grade away from the flames The cars got beyond their control and dashed into a number of others piling them up on top of each other and setting fire to the entire mass.

The origin of fire is unknown. The men had left the engine house to feed their horses and on returning a few minutes later found the structure in flames.

A LESSON IN CITIZENSHIP.

Naturalization Papers and the Men Who Got Them.

CANTON, Oct. 29.—Since January 1, 1895, naturalization papers have been granted to seventy-four persons. Final papers during the month of October, were issued as follows: John Katzmartzik, Prussia, Israel Bliclestein, Russia; Harvey Fry, England; Nicholas Lang, Germany; Michael Schuff, Austria; Mads. Peter Johnson, Denmark; Frederick Tom Derlich, Germany; Sol. Ertz, Russia, Poland; Emil Geant, France; John Kruck, Prussia; Justin Conten, Switzerland; Jacob Emerman, Russia; George Dean, England: Ed Laigle, France; Edwin Stubley, England; Alfred, Williams, England; John Jacobs, Germany; John Mier, Austria; Samuel Sayers, jr., England; Simin Ginsberg, Russia; George H. Black: England; Gustav Reinhold Smerling, Sweden; Thomas Yellings, Ireland; John Main, Switzerland; George Ridley, England; Jacob Bertschmann, Switzerland; George McDonald, Scotland; August Vidakel, Germany; William Wohlhuter Germany, Rudolph Renfand, Prussia; Woolf D Dorskey, Russia; Moorstina Ferri, Italy; Alban Geothel, Germany; Charles Sonneborn, Germany; John Kinserowski, Prussia; Fred Wiscocke, Italy.

During this year since January 1, eighty applications for first papers were made wherein papers were granted.

To fifty-nine persons who came to America when under age, naturalization papers have been granted during this year, and during October certificates were issued as follows: Louis Rosenstein, David Rabinooitz, Wm. Rabinooitz, Abraham Jacobs, Charles Stone, of Russia; James Robers, George Hawxwell, Victor Viestein, of England; John J. Hine, Charles Janchem, John Koch, John Schroeder, jr., of Germany; John Moch, Prussia; Angelo Marchioni, Joseph Petoh, Italy; Joseph Sikora, Bohemia; Frederick Wenger, Switzerland; Joseph McKittrick, Canada; Kenneth Finlayson, Scotland.

On Saturday last thirty-two first and second naturalization papers were issued by Probate Judge Wise and his deputies.

The healing properties of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve are well known. It cures eczema, skin affections and is simply a perfect remedy for piles. Z T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon October 29:

LADIES.

Lack, Miss Gertrude Kandle, Miss Wilan
Jordan, Miss Elizabeth Myers, Miss Goldie

MEN.

Smith, David B.

FOREIGN.

Madame Desiree Adam.

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

CLEMENT RUSSELL, P. M.

Nothing so distressing as a hacking cough. Nothing so foolish as to suffer from it. Nothing so dangerous if allowed to continue. One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Your Wife

Objects to your using tobacco, because she fears it may be injurious to you. But

MAIL POUCH TOBACCO

PURE, HARMLESS, SATISFYING.
NICOTINE, the active principle, NEUTRALIZED.
ANTI-NERVOUS: ANTI-DYSPEPTIC.

JUDGE TAYLOR.

Complimentary Mention From a Political Opponent.

It is evident that many Democrats are opposed to the fusion nominee for judge of the court of common pleas, John C. Given, and among those opposed to this nominee are the Alliance Critic, Democratic, and the Canton Volks Zeitung, also Democratic. The latter paper publishes a friendly sketch of Judge Taylor, of which the following is a translation:

"The subject of this brief biographical sketch was born on a farm in Carroll county on April 18th, 1840. Judge Taylor is a self-made man and not unacquainted with hard work. His boyhood was spent in the country, where he worked upon a farm in the summer and went to school in the winter. At 18 years of age young Taylor began to teach school, and thereafter for nine years he taught school in the winter time and worked upon a farm in the summer. He is held in high esteem, not only in his own county, but wherever he is known. The people of Carroll county, recognizing Judge Taylor's worth as a young man, elected him to the office of clerk of courts for two terms, during which time he studied law and was admitted to the bar. After he had retired from the office of clerk, he commenced the practice of his profession at Carrollton, where he rapidly became recognized as a leader of the Carroll county bar.

"In 1884 Judge Taylor was elected to the 49th Congress from the congressional district, then comprising Carroll, Columbiana, Harrison, Jefferson and Mahoning counties. While serving his term in the 49th Congress, the legislature of Ohio re districted the state, again placing Carroll county in the same district with Governor McKinley. Judge Taylor might easily have been a formidable candidate against Governor McKinley for the nomination for Congress in the new district, but recognizing the very great ability of Governor McKinley and his eminent qualifications for the place on account of the long experience which he had heretofore had in Congress, Judge Taylor magnanimously declined to be a candidate, and left the field open for the nomination of Governor McKinley.

"After his retirement from Congress, Judge Taylor resumed the practice of his profession at Carrollton, where he soon built up a large and lucrative practice. Upon the unfortunate death of Judge Raley, Governor Foraker appointed Judge Taylor to fill the vacancy created by the death of Judge Raley Thereafter Judge Taylor was elected judge of the common pleas court for the first sub-division of the Ninth Judicial District, which office he has filled with great acceptance to the people and the bar for one term.

"He is now a candidate for re-election. The Republicans of this judicial subdistrict were very fortunate, indeed, in nominating a man so well qualified for the position of common pleas judge as Judge Taylor. The office of judge is not so much a political office as it is a place of responsibility, the duties of which should be discharged for the benefit of the entire people of the sub-district irrespective of political affiliations. There is no reason why the most loyal Democrat should not vote for Judge Taylor, and there is every reason on the contrary why every self-respecting Democrat as well as every Republican in the sub district should vote for him

"In fact, we are of the opinion that Judge Taylor is so well equipped and qualified in every way for the position of common pleas judge that the Democratic party in this sub district should have ratified the nomination of Judge Taylor instead of nominating a man whom a large number of Democrats cannot conscientiously and consistently support

"Judge Taylor in his career upon the bench has made a record of which any man might be proud He has been as prompt, courageous without being arbitrary; honest without making a parade of his integrity; just without being harsh; learned without being pedantic, and has at all times given the most complete satisfaction to the people and the bar of this sub-district We would regard Judge Taylor's retirement from the bench as a public calamity, and are very glad indeed of the opportunity to give so able a jurist our hearty and earnest support for the high office for which he has been nominated."

Watch Your Wife!

Not lest she do some great wrong, but that you prevent her suffering many of them. Watch her that she suffer not from the many insidious diseases which afflict women, dragging them down and enfeebling them till life becomes a burden, and from which too few are altogether exempt. By getting her a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, the great female restorative tonic and nervine, you will furnish her the means to alleviate and speedily cure "Female Weakness," displacements dragging pains, ulceration, weak back and general debility, and the wan, jaded look will give place to the ruddy glow of health before its influence. Once used, it is always in favor.

Say, why don't you try DeWitt's Little Early Risers? These little pills cure headache, indigestion and constipation. They're small, but do the work. Z. T Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Sale on the Hilt Farm.

Joseph Hilt will sell a great variety of farming implements, animals and other personal property on his farm, three miles southwest of Massillon, Wednesday, November 6.

Acts at once, never fails. One Minute Cough Cure. A remedy for asthma, and that feverish condition which accompanies a severe cold. The only harmless remedy that produces immediate results. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Bill heads, note heads, letter heads and envelopes artistically printed on short notice at the INDEPENDENT office.

M'KINLEY WILL COME.

Ohio's Governor Will Close the Campaign Here.

A VERY PLEASANT SURPRISE.

The Good Old Custom Not to Be Broken This Year—Governor McKinley Will Speak in North Lawrence and at Massillon in the Afternoon.

Governor McKinley will close the Republican campaign in the Armory at Massillon next Monday afternoon. He will speak at North Lawrence in the morning, and will reach Massillon early in the afternoon. The arrangements in detail will be announced later.

This news will be a pleasant surprise to the people of Stark county, who had reconciled themselves with difficulty to the expectation of having him omit Massillon from his list of campaign assignments. For nearly 20 years it has been his unvarying custom to come back to his old home on the eve of election; to give to friends and neighbors his parting words of advice. They are glad to know that the unwritten law which sustains this graceful custom is stronger than the importunities of committees in the great cities of the state. There will be three speeches at North Lawrence in the morning, at Massillon in the afternoon, and at Canton in the evening. The time is short and the news should be made as general as possible.

CHAIRMAN THOMAS IN TOWN.

Chairman John Thomas of the Republican county committee is in town today. Mr. Thomas has little to say concerning the campaign except to assure the party that the entire ticket will be elected if Republicans only stand firm. He has advices indicating that the county will be flooded with Brice money late this week, and an effort will be made by the Democratic managers to induce Republicans to remain at home on election day. He thinks that no voter should be deceived by the promise of Democratic candidates that they will vote against Brice in caucus. It is so certain that the majority of Democratic nominees are committed to Brice that the negative vote of a few in caucus will amount to very little, as they will all vote for him on the floor.

He Couldn't Drive Nails.

Jonas Swartz, Hartville, O., relates an experience all the more wonderful because he is now nearly 70. He says: "I wouldn't take $100 for the good Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer has done me. I always worked hard and was careless about a little stomach trouble I had and sleeplessness, which I suppose accounts for the nervous trouble which struck me about four years ago. Limbs of my right side got so I couldn't control them; at times I couldn't hold a cup in my hand to drink from it, and in a crowd would unconsciously hit people with my jerking right arm. The doctors called it nervous paralysis, and said that, at my age, I couldn't be cured. I saw Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer advertised in the Repository and got a sample bottle of it, which I thought helped me, so bought a bottle. Think I have used three bottles, and they have made a steady man of me. I have not felt as well in the four years and am still improving. Why, for two years I couldn't drive a nail" Mr Geldinger, in whose store the interview took place, fully corroborated Mr Swartz's statement, saying that his cure was a surprise to all who knew of the case We are authorized to say, this medicine for control and cure of all nerve troubles, is sold by the Saltsman Drug Co., F E Seaman and Z T. Baltzly, and by all druggists.

It's just as easy to try one One Minute Cough Cure as anything else. It's easier to cure a severe cough or cold with it. Let your next purchase for a cough be One Minute Cough Cure. Better medicine; better results; better try it. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Nervous Diseases.

Locomoter Ataxia, Paralysis, Nervous Prostration, Cholera, or St. Vitus's Dance, Insomnia or sleeplessness, made a specialty; book free by mail. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

There are many good reasons why you should use One Minute Cough Cure. There are no reasons why you should not, if in need of help. The only harmless remedy that produces immediate results. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Now is the time to subscribe.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

James Suter is recovering from a serious illness.

Miss Crumrine, of Akron, is the guest of Miss Evelyn Albrecht.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Matthews will move to Toledo this week.

Charles Munells bagged quite a number of squirrels at Spencer Monday.

Mrs. Snyder has been seriously ill for a week at her home on Young street.

G. W. Yenser has returned home after a several months' sojourn in Cleveland.

J. F. Pocock left this morning for Mt. Clemens where he will rest for four weeks.

Miss Ida Gove has accepted a position as stenographer at the Wheeling & Lake Erie office.

Miss Clara Pflug has returned home from a month's stay with her brother at Youngstown.

Twenty-five cars were loaded at the mines located on the W. & L. E. railway on Monday.

Mrs. Arthur Taggart, of Akron, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Wagoner, in East Oak street.

Charles Hoch and Miss Flora Miller will be married at St. Joseph's church next Tuesday morning.

William A. Shafrath, of McDonaldsville, has accepted a position with W. D. Benedict, the furniture dealer.

Mrs. R. L. Coleman has returned home after spending two weeks with her mother, Mrs. Ann Lawthers, in Leesville.

Tickets for the Ruth B. Ridges lecture to be given in the Christian church, November 7, are on sale at Baltzly's drug store.

William Wagner, an erstwhile saloon keeper and bar tender, will, in the future, devote his time and talents to a position at the Massillon bridge works.

The retail price of coal will go up ten cents a ton in Canton, on November 1. The circular attributes the increase to the rise in the wholesale advance of fifteen cents.

Local sportsmen will remember that the quail season does not begin until November 10. Deputy Game Warden Caldwell is still in office and he intends to enforce the laws.

The firm of S. F. Wefler & Brother has been dissolved, Wilson Wefler retiring. Mr. Wefler will remain in the employ of his brother, notwithstanding his withdrawal from the firm.

Mr. and Mrs. James Jacoby, Miss Pearl Jacoby, Benjamin Jacoby and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Blocher left on the boat Hasel this morning, for Guadenhutten, where they will camp for two weeks.

Mr. Edwin J. Lewis, of Hutton, Mon., was married on October 14, at Sheridan, Wyo., to Mrs. Cordelia Wade, of Massillon, the daughter of the late George Archer. Mr. Lewis is a wealthy farmer and stock raiser.

"The Misty Midgets," an entertainment to be given for the benefit of the Massillon Woman's Cemetery Association, is now definitely arranged to be given in the opera house on the nights of November 13 and 14.

Poetry-loving Massillonians will be delighted to learn that for the present at least, John B. Lonas, the bard of Navarre, will make this his home. He is engaged on a great work that will outshine the "400," which is considered his masterpiece.

The sale of tickets was began this morning for the concert to be given at the first public opening of the United Brethren church, Nov. 8th. The advance sale will be very large and the concert will be as good as any that has ever been given in the city.

Congressman Tayler became so seriously indisposed after his Navarre meeting Friday night, that he was obliged to cancel his engagement at Alliance and remained at the home of Mr. C. M. Russell until today, when he was able to leave for Beloit, where he will speak tonight.

George W. North was severely injured Monday morning, near the rolling mill, by the jumping of a hand car from the Fort Wayne tracks. His wrists were sprained, and other painful and serious injuries sustained. Dr. Hardy was sent for and made the man as comfortable as possible.

At the last meeting of the Epworth League the following officers were elected: President, Miss May Bowman; first vice president, Mr. Sheehan; second vice president, Miss Mame Cassler; third vice president, Miss Arletta Yost; fourth vice president, Mr. Stutz; secretary, Miss Zora Miller; treasurer, Charley Mong.

The household goods of T. R. Cortwright, which stand in cars on a Pennsylvania switch in readiness to be shipped to Philadelphia, were attached Tuesday afternoon to liquidate a claim of $10 of W. D. Benedict's, who holds a chattel mortgage on the goods. The case will be heard by Justice Folger Saturday morning.

Robert Ford left today for Toledo, where he will officiate as janitor in one of the large office buildings in that city. Mr. Ford has piloted brake parties all over this part of the country, behind six horses, and if he takes half as good care of that office building as he did of the pleasure seekers whom he has served, it will be taken very good care of, indeed.

For four years Wah Lee, the West Main street laundryman, has owed his neighbor and fellow craftsman, Henry Hop Gee, $16.80. During this time he has accumulated a mint of money but he still firmly refuses to pay this debt and moreover he assumes a very warlike exterior every time his friend mentions the affair. Mr Gee says that Lee keeps a loaded revolver at hand at all times and he is almost afraid to venture inside of his doors. Now Mr. Gee has decided to take legal steps in the matter and this interesting case will probably be ventilated in court tomorrow.

Mrs. E. W. Redpath and her mother, Mrs. John Allen, of Boston, who have been in the city for just one week calling on old friends, will return to their eastern home tonight. Mrs. Redpath's girlhood days were spent in Massillon and since her parents removed to Massachusetts in 1869, she has paid but one visit here, and that was for but a day. Her father, John Allen, when a resident of Massillon, occupied a house which stood where the residence of Mrs. B. McCue now stands. Mrs. Redpath's visit to this city has been a most pleasant one. She has been most agreeably surprised by the advance of the city in both the business and residence quarters.

SHOT HIS HORSE.

Careless Hunters at Newman—About the Miners.

NEWMAN, Oct. 30.—August Peters had the best horse on his farm shot accidentally by hunters while after game. Mr. Peters feels his loss very keenly and is desirous of knowing the perpetrators.

Mrs. Wm. Findley and daughter Maggie attended the Pocohontas social at the home of Mr Herbert Lee, at Massillon, on Tuesday evening of last week, and report an enjoyable time.

The Republican meeting last Wednesday evening addressed by C. C. Upham and J. M. Evans, was a success, and both speakers were highly complimented.

William Aston is making an extended visit with relatives at Lorain.

Miss Marie Smith, an accomplished young lady of Bridgeport, accompanied Miss Lizzie Ralston home after closing her school Friday evening, and remained until Sunday evening.

Wm. Findley returned home from his trip to Columbus, Thursday evening, and is highly pleased with the courtesies extended while there. Chief clerk of the labor bureau Thomas Thomas, Wm. Ralston and Ed Gleitsman have his gilt-edged thanks for favors rendered.

H. G. Baldwin, of Salem, S. J Smith, of Canton, and Miss Mary M. Murdock, of Wooster, representing the official board of the B. Y. P. Union, held a rally meeting in the Baptist church on Sunday, and organized a Baptist Young People's Union, with Mrs. Annie Findley as president, John Laviers, vice president, and Miss Mellie Masters, secretary-treasurer. Meetings will be held every Sunday evening prior to church service.

The action of the Massillon miners at their mass meeting last Saturday, in declaring the strike off, seems to have been the proper course to pursue, the statement and advice of President Mossop to the contrary notwithstanding. Granting that a joint meeting between miners and operators had been arranged for Tuesday, which is denied by the operators' side, we believe it to have been allowed to run too late in the afternoon to have much effect. It was apparent to any one familiar with the mining situation that our miners were uneasy from the beginning of this strike through a gross misunderstanding of the condition of affairs, that has caused us the loss of the best month's work in the year. In the selection of Judge Little as arbitrator we expect and have reasons to believe that a 60 cent rate will be allowed for Ohio. Judge Little's is one of the ten names the miners officials submitted to the operators for their selection. We are informed that not one of the ten names submitted by the operators could be selected by the miners for the reason that they were all indirectly interested in mining affairs.

NEWS FROM NEAR BY TOWNS.

THE AULTMANS AT ALLIANCE.

ORRVILLE, Oct. 30.—The Aultman brothers attended the bicycle meet at Alliance, on Thursday of last week, and were employed after they got there to do the pace-making on a Stearns tandem from Canton, for which they received prizes. This was their first experience on a tandem, and they paced a mile in the fast time of 2:12, against the state record of 2:11. They also paced several other races. They rode in the five mile handicap, the last race, with eighteen or twenty starters, winning third and fifth prizes.

A SAD DEATH.

CANAL FULTON, Oct. 30 —The funeral of Lily Leibenguth, aged 10 years, took place today. Her death occurred very suddenly, in a Cleveland hospital, whether she had been taken by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nick Leibenguth, in order that an operation upon the hips might be performed.

DAVID JONES DEAD.

EAST GREENVILLE, Oct. 30.—David Jones, aged 53 years, died last night of typhoid fever. He is survived by a wife and five children. The funeral services will be held in the M. E. church tomorrow afternoon.

East Greenville.

EAST GREENVILEE, Oct. 28.—It seemed very natural to see the miners go to work this morning again, and we hope that they will not be so radical and ready to stop work in the future. If they belong to the unions, let the unions rule. If not drop it all together. There is nothing in excuses, and on the other hand we hope that the operators will give us what we are entitled to without having to fight always for our own.

Samuel Miller and wife, of Massillon spent Sunday with friends in our village.

Mrs. Mattie Beck and her mother, of Elton, visited at the homes of John Hemperly and Samuel Evans last week.

Stella Bushman is home from Canal Fulton on a visit this week.

Mrs. Edward Thomas has returned home from Massillon, where she has been visiting for two weeks.

Dr. Kimber, of Maysville, is going to return to Greenville and expects to build a house.

Mr. Frank Bervers, who was laid up with typhoid fever, is better and was circulating among friends again.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says; "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with la grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail, and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use, and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

Nervous women will find relief in Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it enriches the blood and thus strengthens the nerves.

WILLIAM KLEIN'S CASE.

Sane When He Walks, Unbalanced When He Sits Down.

HIS EFFORTS AT SUICIDE.

A Cantonian Killed at the South Market Street Crossing—He Tried to Pass Over In Advance of a Train—County Court Notes.

CANTON, Oct. 30.—The condition of Wm. Klein, a young Cantonian, is a mystery to the physicians of this city. Klein has made frequent attempts to commit suicide and his last effort was made by drawing a butcher knife across the throat. When Klein walks about he is perfectly normal, but as soon he sits down his mind becomes unbalanced and he straight way attempts to end his life.

KILLED BY A RAILWAY TRAIN.

Victor Halter, aged 57 years, a farmer residing near Sparta was instantly killed at 5 o'clock Tuesday evening at the South Market street and C. C. & S. railway crossing. Mr. Halter was driving a team and heavy wagon towards home and attempted to pass over the track in advance of the approaching passenger train. The wagon was demolished but the horses escaped injury. The locomotive struck Halter crushing the back of his head. He leaves a wife and six grown children. The body was taken to the Halter home this morning.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Massillon, first ward—J. G. Hissong to Joseph Hug, 16-100 out of 38 acres, $3,000.

Massillon, second ward—Anna M. Stephens to Emma Stephens, 7 lots, $1,400.

J. W. McClymonds to Dorothy Wiseman, lot No. 1592, $375.

J. W. McClymonds to Bert N. Hickox lot No. 1593, $375.

Perry township—A. Clementz to Mary Weise, lot No. 26, $200.

Sylvester Burd to Kate Lortz, lot No 203 in Reedurban, $125.

Sugar Creek township — Josiah M. Stepper to J. O. Newcomer, lot No. 129 in Wilmot, $40.

Nathan E. Moffitt has been appointed administrator of the estate of Henry A. Johns, of Tuscarawas township.

RAILROAD NOTES.

The first cars ran Monday from Akron to Cleveland on the Akron, Bedford & Cleveland electric line. The service will be regular hereafter, trains running between the two places every 40 minutes, the schedule time for the 38 miles being an hour and a half. The stations along the line will be equipped with telephones instead of the telegraph.

Chief Engineer Wilson and party started Tuesday on an inspection tour of the W. & L. E. Engine No. 13 has been fitted up for the occasion with a row of upholstered chairs, which the chief engineer and his corps will occupy while en route. A car will be attached to the engine in which the officials will dine and lodge.

General Manager Blair's private car will soon be out of the Ironville shops after a complete remodelling. The car will be a gilded palace on wheels. One of the most striking features of its appearance will be red wheels with silver gilt tires. The elegance of the car's interior is scarcely excelled by anything even in this day of costly palace cars.

The commissioners of Tuscarawas county awarded the franchise for the building of an electric railroad between New Philadelphia and Uhrichsville to Major Charles E. Mitchener. Major Mitchener agrees to carry passengers the round trip, a distance of ten miles, at 20 cents; one way 10 cents. He also agrees to pay one per cent. of the net profits of the earnings of the road yearly into the county treasury to be applied to the soldiers' indigent fund. One thousand dollars is on deposit with the county auditor for the faithful performance of the contract.

Dropping in Your Throat.

Hawking and spitting is one of the most disagreeable parts of catarrh. We have patients using Mayer's Magnetic Catarrh Cure to report complete relief from this within ten days of its use.

CATARRH OF LONG STANDING

will be cured by the use of Mayers' Catarrh Cure.

Catarrh may well be called a great scourge in this country, nearly every person has it in a greater or less degree. Mayers' Magnetic Catarrh Cure, if used promptly will cure this terrible disease. No cure no pay.

For a cold in the head accompanied by frontal headache, can be cured by one or two applications. Remember one bottle lasts 3 months and is guaranteed to cure or money refunded by agents.

Read what a one time sufferer from catarrh has to say of our marvelous cure:

OAKLAND, MD., March 24, 1893.
The Mayers Drug Co, Oakland, Md.

Gentlemen—I have been a sufferer from catarrh for years and was recommended to use a bottle of Mayers' Magnetic Catarrh Cure and in less than six weeks I was completely cured and deem it one of the best medicines on the market and recommend its method of treatment to any sufferer from the awful malady. Respectfully,

PERCY H. VEITCH,
Attorney at Law.

Sold by Z. T. Baltzly.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large sized bottles only fifty cents at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation, 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.00. For sale by E. S. Craig, and G. B. Fulton, West Side.

OFF FOR THE WARS.

Young Jesse Coxey Sails For the Island of Cuba.

Jesse Coxey sailed for Cuba, Tuesday, on the steamship Adrian. He did not consult his father, the Commonwealer, but decided that he wanted to go, and started. He has shipped as cabin steward, and while he says nothing about joining the insurgents, the presumption is that he will organize a Coxey army in Cuba, and fight against the effete Castilian monarchy. The boy is an experienced sailor, having shipped before the mast several years ago, on an African merchant man. He has not been in Massillon for several months, his time having been spent in Indiana, Brooklyn and Maine. He is a plucky, bright, and sport-loving boy, and can be trusted, probably, to come back from the wars is as good order as when he emerged from that famous campaign which ended with the arrest of his distinguished father for walking on the grass.

BAD WRECK AT MEDINA.

MEDINA, Oct. 30 —C., L. & W. passenger train No. 3, due in Massillon at 3:22, is laid out here by a bad wreck. The enginemen of the second No. 63 tried to clear a switch, and failing to do so crashed into the passenger train. Both engines were badly wrecked, and the passenger cars were nearly overturned. The engine crews of both jumped. The fireman on No. 63, whose name could not be learned, was badly injured.

MAYOR MENTZER RESIGNS.

Navarre's Executive Lays Down His Office.

NAVARRE, Oct. 30.—A meeting of the council was held last night. Mayor J. D. Mentzer resigned, and asked to have his resignation accepted at once. The council requested time in which to select a successor. The salary is $30 a year and fees. Councilman Dretke also resigned, as he intends to move to the Fulton farm, owned by M. Wagner. William Donnevan was appointed in his place.

Mr. Donnevan is now township trustee. Mayor Mentzer says he will not serve after tomorrow, and unless the council appoints a mayor this municipality will be without an official head.

THE PRICE OF COAL.

Massillon Operators Decide to Equalize Rates.

The Massillon operators, at a meeting held in Cleveland yesterday, decided to furnish coal to the Cleveland retailers at the old rate, which is $1 40 at the mine and $2.00 delivered. At other points in Ohio where a lower price was being paid by dealers for Massillon coal, the price has been advanced uniform to that established for Cleveland.

Trials of Otto Lantz.

A drenching rain, steep hills, a bursted tire and a puncture or two made life miserable for Otto Lantz on Sunday and Monday. Mr. Lantz and David Seabrook essayed to wheel to Lodi and back on Sunday. Lodi was reached after a reasonable ride and in a few hours the return trip was begun. Then the trouble began and the few people who saw Mr. Lantz pushing his played out wheel into Massillon at noon Monday alone, know what he passed through. Although the cyclists intended to return Sunday evening the heavy rain forced them to remain over night in Doylestown. In the morning the trip was resumed but at Canal Fulton, Mr. Lantz's wheel's tire gave out and he and the bicycle reversed the order of locomotion for the remainder of the trip. Mr. Seabrook fared some better than his companion, but it will be some time before even he will attempt another Lodi excursion.

A Monday Night Robbery.

Two strangers entered the Elk restaurant, in West Main street, at about 11 o'clock Monday night, and called for two meals. The waiter stepped into the back room to prepare them, and when he returned a few minutes later the men were gone. The cash drawer, which had contained about $2.75, was partly open, and an investigation proved that it was empty, also. The police were notified, but no trace of the men was discovered.

Foot Ball Games.

The Canton High school foot ball team will probably go to Massillon on Saturday afternoon. A game is scheduled there with the Baltzly team. On Thursday, November 28, Thanksgiving day, two games will be played between the Canton High school eleven and the Salem team. One will take place in the forenoon in Canton, and the afternoon game will be contested for in Salem.

Always More Talk.

Another effort is being made to arrange a glove contest between the heavy weights, Mike Burns, of Massillon, and Dick Aston, of East Greenville. The two have talked considerably about getting together but have never succeeded in placing a forfeit. A small forfeit has now been put up and prospects for a go are favorable. The set-to will not take place, however, for several months.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chiblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

If Troubled With Rheumatism Read This.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Apr 16, 1894.—I have used Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism and found it to be all that is claimed for it. I believe it to be the best preparation for rheumatism and deep seated muscular pains on the market and cheerfully recommend it to the public. JNO. G. BROOKS, dealer in boots, shoes, etc., No. 18 Main St.

ALSO READ THIS.

MECHANICSVILLE, St. Mary county, Md.—I sold a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm to a man who had been suffering with rheumatism for several years. It made him a well man. A. J. MCGILL. **For sale at 50 cents per bottle by Saltsman Drug Co.**

THE TROOPS ARE OUT.

Will Corbett and Fitzsimmons Fight in Arkansas?

GOVERNOR CLARKE SAYS NO.

The First Regiment Ordered to Hot Springs—An Official Poster Announces That the Pugilists will Certainly Come Together on Thursday.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 30.—[By Associated Press]—Governor Clarke has called out the First Regiment to stop the prize fight. The troops will rendezvous at Hot Springs. In the latter city a poster has been issued which reads: "Official—The prize fight between Corbett and Fitzsimmons will positively occur at Hot Springs, October 31."

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

ARMENIAN REVOLT.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 30.—[By Associated Press]—Most alarming news from Armenia was made public today. There are 26,000 Armenians in the Zeolont mountains in open revolt against the the Sultan. The Turkish government has decided to call out army reserves.

Glass Workers Settle.

BELLAIRE, Oct. 30.—[By Associated Press—]The strike of American Green Glass Workers at Rodfer Bros. glass works, has been settled, the men agreeing to work for fifty cents on the dollar cash, and the balance in script with 6 per cent. interest, to run for six months. Over 200 men are at work today.

Jumped from His Window.

AUBURN, N. Y., Oct. 30.—[By Associated Press]—H. A. McCausland, traveling salesman for the Michigan and Ohio Plaster Company, either threw himself or jumped from the third story window of his hotel this morning. He died in a few hours. He lived in Saginaw, Mich.

Big Fire in Columbus, Ga.

COLUMBUS, Ga., Oct. 30.—[By Associated Press]—Fire is sweeping the residence district. It is beyond control. All stores and shops are closed The entire population is fighting the flames.

Lagonda Hotel Burned.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Oct. 30.—[By Associated Press]—The Lagonda hotel was destroyed by fire after midnight. All the inmates escaped without injury. Loss about $75,000.

Gone With the Money.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 30.—[By Associated Press]—Charles Wheeler, assistant bookkeeper for the Cincinnati Abattoir Company, has gone with $1,700 of the company's money.

Declined to Speak.

COVINGTON, Ky., Oct. 30.—[By Associated Press]—Secretary Carlisle registered and returned immediately to Washington, declining all invitations to speak.

Mrs. T. S. Hawkins, Chattanooga, Tenn., says, "Shiloh's Vitalizer 'saved my life.' I consider it the best remedy for a debilitated system I ever used." For dyspepsia, liver or kidney trouble it excels. Price 75c. Sold by E. S. Craig and G. B. Fulton, West Side.

If your children are subject to croup watch for the first symptom of the disease—hoarseness. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse it will prevent the attack. Even after the croupy cough has appeared the attack can always be prevented by giving this remedy. It is also invaluable for colds and whooping cough. For sale by Saltsman Drug Co.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Veterans

Of the war often need the toning, strengthening effects to be found in Hood's Sarsaparilla. Read this:

"My husband has suffered for years with catarrh, rheumatism and chronic diarrhœa contracted in the war. In the fall he had the grip and came near death's door. He could not eat or sleep and was much emaciated. One bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla did him so much good that he kept on taking it. He now has a good appetite and has gained in flesh. I think it saved my husband's life. I shall not be without it in my house hereafter. I know Hood's Sarsaparilla will do what is claimed for it." AMANDA CASTETTER, Mt. Jackson, Indiana.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the only True Blood Purifier prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills are tasteless, mild, effective. 25 cents.

You believe in pure food, you buy the best flour, the best eggs, the best sugar, yet you have not tried the best baking powder unless you have used Cleveland's.

"Pure and Sure."

Cleveland's
BAKING POWDER.

But judge for yourself. Try a can.

A UNIQUE CHARACTER.

R. B. Wasson and His Eccentric Career at Wooster.

WOOSTER, O., Oct. 29.—The removal of ex-County Treasurer R. B. Wasson to the Toledo insane asylum temporarily takes from the public notice a unique character and one whose eccentricities gained for him national notoriety. When proceedings were commenced by the family a few years ago, it was only intended that a guardian should be appointed to take care of his valuable estate and keep him from squandering it. The motion in probate court for the appointment of a guardian was granted, but as this was an appealable case and his attorney gave notice of an appeal, the family at once proceeded to have an inquest of lunacy held. This was held Saturday and resulted in his being adjudged insane and taken to Toledo.

Wasson gained his first notoriety four years ago while county treasurer, when the state decided to accept the offer of Wayne county to appropriate $5,000 for the building of a state agricultural experimental station, the state having invited offers from counties by passing a special law. The bonds were issued, sold and a site purchased. Wasson at once conceived the idea that it was an unconstitutional procedure, that one county could not be taxed alone for a state institution, and at once employed a lawyer and fought the movement through the courts, losing in the lower courts but finally winning after the question in different phases was twice before the supreme court. The result is Wayne county has the farm and the state is paying for it, with thanks due for it to Mr Wasson.

Mr. Wasson, while fighting against the county paying for the station, could not get space in any of the papers to express his views, started the publication of a small hand bill which he styled, "Wasson's Experimental Station Bulletin." He varied it in size according to his want, and during the past four years probably issued a thousand different numbers. After the state farm question was settled he kept on publishing his bulletins attacking every one he felt he had a grievance against, couching his thoughts in such language none but himself could understand.

He then took up an imaginary cause for the ladies and sent his bulletins to every lady in the land of national importance. For this he was indicted by the United States grand jury at Cleveland for mailing unmailable literature and was to have been tried the fore part of this month, but friends had his case continued at Cleveland until the February term, in the meantime agreeing to make an effort to have him cease publishing his bulletins.

This very likely hastened the proceedings which ended in his being taken away. It is said he squandered a fortune issuing bulletins. Mr. Frank Griffith, of Orrville, was appointed guardian of his estate.

"What a Piece of Work is Man!"

And so liable to get out of order. His food may not agree with him, his liver may be torpid, or his heart have some functional derangements. His blood can become impoverished, and break out into sores and carbuncles. His head may ache, and his senses, may one and all refuse to act, or his limbs to obey his volition. He may lose his will power, his mind, his memory. He may go into quick consumption, or he may live years, a moving mass of scrofulous corruption. All this is possible to a man, and yet it all may be avoided by the timely use of Dr Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the great blood purifier and the only one so positively certain in its curative action that, once used, it is always in favor. Sold by dealers everywhere.

Absolutely pure buckwheat flour at D. F. McGhie's feed store.

They Say

That a man talks about the weather because he don't know enough to talk about anything else. That's about the case with the man who has been always going to the tailor for his clothing. He pays about 40 per cent. too much; but he don't know about any other kind of clothes. Show him a Stein Block or a W. S. Peck & Co. suit or overcoat and you have started him off on a new line of thought. Common sense, is it not, to get as much for your money as you can?

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That the "wholesale tailors" employ tailors, can buy the best fabrics, have straight connections with the most authorative fashion centers, and can make a suit because they make many, at half the merchant tailor's price.

Look Into This Thing Come in some day and permit us to show you what a ready-to-wear garment of the Stein Block or W.S.Peck & Co. kind is like. You never saw ready-to-put-on clothing like them, because there are none so good.

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DESCENDANTS OF HAM

THEY MAKE AN INTERESTING SHOWING AT THE ATLANTA FAIR.

The Southern Exposition Scoring a Brilliant Success—A View of the Mexicans, Colored Genius—An Inglorious Architect. Education of the Negro.

[Special Correspondence.]

ATLANTA, Oct. 21.—It is high time to give some sort of a forecast for the future of the great southern exposition, seeing that the confusion of the first weeks is done away, so that intending visitors can now rely upon the programme being strictly observed for the future and time their visit for the occasion which suits them best. Programmes, directories and the like are but dry reading, as a rule, but there is so much novelty promised for the set days of the fair that I may hope to make this one as fascinating as a patent office report. Saturday, Oct. 5, may be set as the first day on which the managers scored a really brilliant success. Almost every department was complete at last, there were 20,000 visitors in the grounds, and all delighted; the lights worked as per programme, Gilmore's band set the southerners wild with its patriotic medley, "Dixie" of course receiving the loudest applause, and the Midway was in a roar till midnight.

The national irrigation congress and the farmers' congress followed with continued daily sessions for a week, and all the women's programme was carried out to the letter. Then came the American Publishers' association, the King's Daughters, the Bankers' association, Baltimore day and the road parliament, each adding greatly to the attendance and making Atlanta for the time the liveliest city of its size in the continent. Chicago absorbed all the crowds of 1893 and showed but little change. Atlanta is now absorbed by her visitors and the aspect of her streets completely transformed. Chinamen, Mexicans, Indians, men of southern Asia and men of all the European nations crowd the streets in a delightfully interesting mixture, and everywhere among them are thousands of native colored of every shade from delicate brunette to ebony. Travelers tell me the scene is wonderfully like that on the most crowded wharves of Marseilles or Venice. And, oddly enough, many of these shaded peoples are more averse to each other than the white man is to any of them. The Chinaman looks with contempt upon the negro, and the negro is half afraid of the Mexican.

"I tell you dey don't gee," said an old colored man. "Dem Mexicans an' ouah folks don't gee, and my chil'un jest run when dey see a Mexican comin down de street. Look how dey done sarved dem cull'd folks what went to Mexico. Mighty nigh starved 'em to deff, and gave 'em de smallpox a purpose!" It is too true that the negroes just back from the unfortunate colony in Mexico are a distressed lot, lean, ashy looking and pockmarked, but as to who is to blame for it there is great room for difference. One little mistake has been made. Georgia and the south in general have carefully avoided making a display of unique native products, such as the "cracker" team of ox and mule, the queer old plows and hoes, cotton gins and "shuck collars," and those are the very things visitors from the north want to see. The plantation "quarters" on the Midway, with its black old "mammies," its coke walks, songs, dances and banjo music, is a big show in itself, a plain old Georgia "razorback" hog in the Georgia building—"no breed at all, sah, just plain hog"—has excited no end of discussion, and a common Florida "cooter" in that state's building is always surrounded by a crowd. To the rural Georgian the Mexican village is the great attraction, as it shows him a people far more backward in common things than his own class, and when one of these lanky mountaineers gazes on the burro with its big pannier baskets I can see in his eye a glow of pride that he lives in a Christian country where transportation is done in mud wagons.

CRACKER CONTEMPLATES GREASER FARMER IN MEXICAN VILLAGE.

A Creole Kitchen.

One distinctively southern institution, however, calls for the highest praise, and that is the creole kitchen, which is a part of the woman's exhibit. It is the finest and best that Louisiana can furnish, and in it one feels as if in the nicest section of French New Orleans. The building is of logs daubed with clay to represent the best class of negro homes, but inside the style is creole. Moorish and Acadian all in one. The drapery is from the women of the Acadian colony in Louisiana, a colony whose history has been the theme of so much poetry and romance, and the material has lately been much sought for adornments. The waitresses are colored girls of the quadroon class, and the dishes served include the famous creole gumbo, crab omelet, hoecake, corn pone and other creole edibles. It is here that Mrs. Cleveland is to be entertained on the 23d, president's day, the day to which all are now looking forward as the climax of the fair. Governor O'Ferrall and staff of Virginia will be here during the week, with headquarters at the Kimball House; two regiments of the state militia will march in the procession, and we are assured that at least 5,000 of the F. F. V.'s will be on the grounds. So that this will probably be the big week of the exposition, and other big occasions thereof will be women inventors' day at their building, with several eminent woman speakers and the reception by the lady managers, Mrs. William H. Felton, chairman of the day.

Atlanta is a queer sort of city anyhow. It isn't southern and it isn't Yankee; it isn't even American in the old business way, and it certainly isn't English. It has the nervous enthusiasm of Paris, the old southern local pride, the push of the western Yankee and the strict Sabbath and police regulations of the Puritans, and beyond all these a marked character of its own. The worst failures of Atlanta have come from her overweening ambition, as she too often promises and attempts what is beyond her power.

The negroes were obliged to delay the formal opening of their building, though they had it complete and well stocked long ago. And it's a beauty. The first feature to strike the visitor is the array of portraits of every size and style of art, done by colored artists, amateurs, photographers and even by school children, ranging all the way from oil paintings worthy of the Fine Arts hall down to rude crayon sketches, amusing from their crude simplicity, and intentional "comics" by schoolboys. And to make it complete there is a great array of images and carvings by the natives of Africa. But of all the ingenious things in this building decidedly the most interesting is an elaborate "house"—a regular Georgia palace indeed—about two feet in cube, made entirely of dried cornstalks, the handiwork of a negro boy 17 years old whose only tool was a pocketknife. He carved merely for his own amusement in the intervals of farmwork and was surprised on learning that he had done anything extraordinary, yet architects say the structure proves the most complete natural sense of harmony and general fitness.

The boy isn't at all smart in other things and is said to be a regular "dummy" in school.

Colored Genius and Talent.

The portraits show that considerable pride of race has developed among the colored people. Their eminent orators, preachers and soldiers are pictured in the order of the popular estimation, while Sumner and Osawatomie Brown are admitted by brevet, as it were; Toussaint L'Ouverture shines in the gorgeous uniform of Haiti, the eminent bishops are pictured in all styles, and over all in every collection appear the leonine features of Frederick Douglass. Next to the portraits the fine needlework attracts attention. In the West Indies generally the daughters of wealthy colored men are educated in convents, and in New Orleans in select schools of a very high order.

It should be noted, too, for the honor of Atlanta that there are here five splendid institutions for the higher education of the negroes. From one of these, Gammon Theological seminary, Rev. J. W. E. Bowen, Ph. D., professor of theology, was selected as orator of the 21st. He received his degree at the Boston university and has won great applause on many public occasions, especially at the international Epworth league conference at Chattanooga in July. This will be followed by a series of colored congresses dealing with all the interests of the race.

J. H. BEADLE.

STEVENSON'S WIDOW.

INTERVIEW WITH THE WIFE OF THE LAMENTED STORY TELLER.

She Complains of the Writing World, Exalts Her Late Husband and Expresses Her Views on a Wide Variety of Subjects to Edith Sessions Tupper.

[Special Correspondence.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 16.—In the drowsy, gray old Spanish quarter of San Francisco, crowded in among the Mexican restaurants, stands a time stained, weather beaten, rambling stone building, with quaint square windows jutting into the street, winding, sunken stairways and obscure passages. Here, shut away from prying eyes, living quietly with her son and daughter, is Mrs. Stevenson, the widow of "Tusitala," the "story teller," as his native Samoan friends loved to call him.

Mrs. Stevenson has been so misquoted and misrepresented since her arrival in San Francisco that it is with difficulty

MRS. ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON.

one sees her. On my first call she was ill in her room. Her daughter, Mrs. Rose Osborne Strong, received me.

Mrs. Strong is a picturesque little woman with a foreign face, eyes like sloes and the most wonderful black hair, 42 inches in length, growing very low on the forehead, parted and curling about the temples and ears in tantalizing tendrils. She dresses in æsthetic fashion, wearing loose flowing robes, unconfined at the waist. From the small ears swing great golden loops. The glittering teeth flash a kindly smile of welcome; the great dark eyes speak volumes of cheery hospitality. It is the face of a gypsy—a sibyl—and only requires a scarlet handkerchief bound about the dusky locks to make the illusion perfect.

"My mother has been so tortured," she said, "by the false and ridiculous stories which have been published about her both in magazines and papers that I very much doubt if she sees you. However, I will do all I can for you."

Four days later I knocked again at their door, and it was opened by Mrs. Stevenson herself.

A Close Scrutiny.

As Mrs. Strong was not in, I introduced myself and made known the object of my visit. Never before did I undergo such scrutiny. Mrs. Stevenson looked me through and through with deeply contemplative eyes. Suddenly a smile broke over her face and she gave me her hand. "Come in," she said. "I had shut myself up, resolved to see no one, but I will talk to you."

The portraits of Mrs. Stevenson do not and cannot give any idea of the wonderful charm and attraction of her face, which is an older and more serious edition of her daughter's. The gypsy—the sibyl—has grown a sphinx now. The deep, glowing, burning eyes are veiled and inscrutable. Unspeakable sorrow looks out those windows, but cries not aloud. Not a woman to lay bare her soul to the public scalpel. One wonders incessantly what lies behind those eyes and one realizes that only those very near and dear could ever discover just the nature of this woman. The same hair as the daughter's, only short in the neck and silvery—that fine touch of frost mingled with the hue of the raven's plumage—the straight, Egyptian nose, the curved lips, the ghost of a dimple lingering in the pale cheeks, combine to render this face alluring and fascinating. And when Mrs. Stevenson speaks, the soft rich, liquid voice, the perfect English—above all, the steady, penetrating glance of the marvelous eyes—hold you in absolute thraldom.

Like Mrs. Strong, she wears a loose flowing gown—it is of richly brocaded black satin this morning—slightly open at the throat. There are no ornaments save the rings of rare gems and fantastic designs with which the small brown hands are loaded. On one finger are three very curious tortoise shell rings given Mrs. Stevenson by Amaleiza, a very dear native woman friend. Mrs. Stevenson uses no gestures while talking. She sits in her large chair, her hands resting on the arms, grave, inscrutable, repressing, her very posture always suggesting the sphinx.

"I came here simply for the change of climate," she said. "My health was very poor. I have been greatly benefited by the change. I shall go back to Samoa some time. How soon I cannot say. I have no plans. I make none."

Mrs. Stevenson Annoyed.

"Is is true that you will publish a volume of memoirs of Mr. Stevenson?"

"No, I never write."

"Did you not assist Mr. Stevenson in his work—do a great deal of copying for him?"

"No. Rose, my daughter, did that. My eyes are too weak. I know it has been repeatedly stated that I helped my husband in that way, but it is not true. A magazine article published just after Mr. Stevenson's death had as one of its illustrations a picture of Rose copying for my husband. This picture was caught by a friend's kodak. When we heard that the article was to appear and that this picture was to be used as one of the illustrations, Rose said, 'Well, at all events, I shall go down to fame in the role of Milton's daughter.' But when the article was published, underneath the picture appeared the words, 'Mrs. Stevenson, copying for her husband.' This, however, was nothing to other annoyances we have had. Private letters have been sold by people whom we deemed our friends.

"It has seemed," with a long drawn sigh and a tightening of the hands on the arms of the chair, "as if the whole writing world had tried to make money out of the death of my husband."

"What do you consider Mr. Stevenson's greatest work?"

"I think the story he was writing when he died, 'Weir of Hermistoun,' the strongest thing he ever wrote. It is a great loss to the world of romance. He read me a chapter that last day—just before he died"— Mrs. Stevenson paused abruptly.

"Is it true that some one—Mr. Osborne perhaps—will finish it?"

"Oh, no!" very mournfully. "No one could finish it."

"I have repeatedly seen it stated that your son would finish the works Mr. Stevenson left uncompleted."

"That is not true, and you will oblige me by contradicting such statements. I repeat that the whole writing world has appeared to league together to make material out of Mr. Stevenson's death.

"Perhaps," said the lady, rising, "you might like to see one of the mats which the natives brought to cover my husband as he lay on his bed after he died. They came in and knelt down and tenderly spread these mats over their 'Tusitala,' as they named him."

Mrs. Stevenson brought forward one of these rugs. It was as large as a bed cover, made of the bark of a tree and decorated with fringes and borders of tiny scarlet feathers.

"How did these people know that Mr. Stevenson wrote stories?"

"Oh, they find out everything! They are very quick, very clever, very dignified and haughty. But they loved my husband and mourned him sincerely. Nor did one of them find any fault with the manner of his death."

"What do you mean by that, Mrs. Stevenson?"

"I understand," she said, with suppressed emotion, but with an ominous glitter in her eyes, "that Mrs. Oliphant has written an article in which she says that she particularly objects to the dramatic manner in which Mr. Stevenson died. I consider that"—very slowly and coldly—"very brutal of Mrs. Oliphant. You can see now I have been tortured. As if my husband could choose the manner of his death.

The Great Romancer's Simplicity.

"Mr. Stevenson," she went on, "was as simple and childlike as possible. The least thing amused and interested him. He was like a boy. He was tender, sympathetic and charitable to a degree, never speaking an unkind word of any one. And he enjoyed life so much—loved it. He taught me how to live."

For one instant the brave voice falters, the marvelous eyes suffuse with tears, but there is only a quick upward glance, as if seeking help; then the woman becomes the sphinx again.

"Mrs. Stevenson, do you believe"—

"I believe nothing," she quickly interrupts me. "Do not ask me what I believe, for I do not know. I only know that everything, that everybody, is a miracle. It is a miracle that you should sit there, a living, breathing creature, and look at me, talk to me. We think and wonder and dream, but we know nothing."

"I was only going to ask you if you believed in the modern, the advanced, the 'new woman.'"

"Tell me first," Mrs. Stevenson said, fixing her dark eyes more gravely upon me, "what do you mean by the modern, the advanced, the 'new woman?'"

"The person who wears bloomers, rolls a cigarette on the piazza of a hotel, swears, wishes to vote and writes smart, brackish novels."

A View of the New Woman.

"My father used to say," Mrs. Stevenson thoughtfully replies, "that no one has a right to make himself hideous. But women may make themselves hideous, unwomanly and coarse, if they wish, so long as they do not make themselves hideous, coarse and unwomanly in literature. What they may do in the streets, or, in fact, anywhere in public, I do not care. But when they offend me in literature, then I protest. Literature is food. It should be cleanly and wholesome. I am horrified at many of the novels written by the modern woman. My son has brought in from time to time an armful of these novels. I have taken them up and glanced over them, and I assure you I have been ashamed to think that I have read the little I have, caught here and there at random, in the room with my children. And I am not overparticular either. But when I eat I want food, nutritious and wholesome. I do not want garbage. Take that novel," mentioning one of the most famous of the recently established school of stupidity and smut, "what purpose does it serve? It is not a romance. It teaches no philosophy. If it was intended as a textbook for the hospital, it is a failure. So it is neither fish, flesh nor fowl. It is purposeless. It makes no one happier or wiser or better. To what end then? But understand, I make no complaint against the new woman, save in the field of literature. She should be driven out from that unless she can furnish pure romance, sound philosophy, healthful mental food."

The small figure in the armchair appeared to quiver with indignation. And as she gave me her hand and bade me a kindly and gracious farewell I wondered if there were not another presence in that room, if through the woman he had loved and taught "how to live" the master of romance, "Tusitala," the "story teller," had not spoken.

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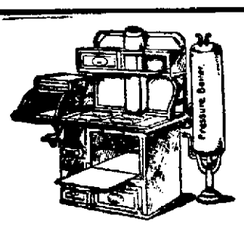

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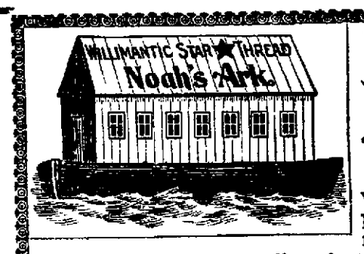

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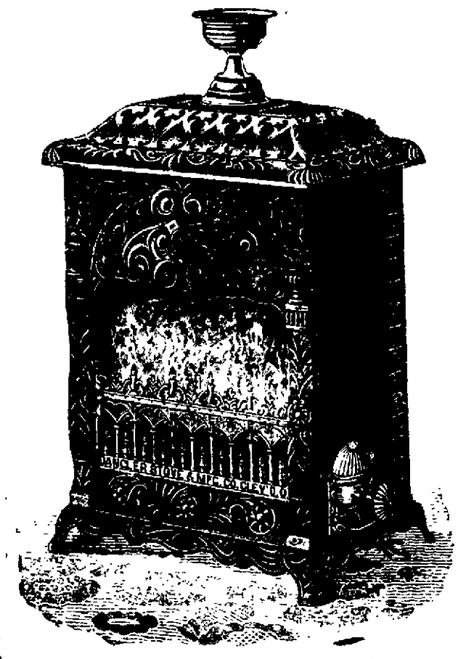

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Mr. Lynch Talks Frankly About the Recent Losses of the Company and Its Future Intentions—A Statement Authorized for Publication.

So much has been said lately about the construction of the street railroad line to Navarre and so many conflicting reports are afloat, that THE INDEPENDENT thought it was fair to all parties to interview the president of the company and learn, if possible, just what the company's position is in the matter. A reporter, therefore, saw Mr. Lynch, the president of the Canton-Massillon company, and procured the following authorized interview:

Mr. Lynch said that the Canton-Massillon Railway Company took up the Navarre project in good faith and made their plans for the prompt construction of that line; that they have never changed their views or intentions about it, and that the line would long since have been built and in full operation had it not been for intervening circumstances over which they had no control. In the first place the company suffered a very destructive fire, which wiped out their Canton car house with the entire rolling stock of the road except the few cars that were in the Massillon car house at the time. This, Mr. Lynch said, was a heavy blow to the company. He said it is true that they got insurance, but the insurance companies paid for an old building, old cars, old motors and old everything else, and the company was obliged to construct a new building, buy new cars and equipment throughout, all of which cost very much more than what they got from insurance.

Of course the public gained by the fire in the end, for, as Mr. Lynch claims, the line is now equipped as well as any single track railroad in the country. Almost all of its equipment is new and good, and first class in every particular. The Canton car house did not cost as much as the Massillon car house, but it is a substantial and permanent structure, practically fireproof. Next came the panic, and long depression in financial and industrial affairs which followed, and as everyone knows, this cut down the business of the company. Its receipts fell off very largely, at the same time it kept up its service, employed its full complement of men, and Mr. Lynch said he thought the company was entitled to some consideration for the fact it gave steady employment to a large number of men without reducing its number of employes, which is no small matter for the interests of the two cities.

The company is paying the same wages now that it did before the panic, and has done everything it could to take care of its employes during the hard times. Meanwhile, the stockholders, of course, could draw nothing from the company; on the contrary, the principal owners have been obliged to assist it financially from time to time to make good the fire loss, and to make other improvements which were necessary, to pay interest on bonds, etc. They have full faith in the Navarre line, and are glad to see that Navarre is developing additional industries, which will no doubt, give the company more business than was in sight at the time of the original negotiations.

Mr. Lynch adverted to the fact that as probably everyone in Massillon realizes, the Massillon city line has never yet paid its expenses, to say nothing of interest and cost, but that it had improved this year over last year quite a little, and he was satisfied that in time the Massillon city line would become self sustaining, at least to the point of paying its expenses. He believed that if the panic had not occurred this line would have been on a self sustaining basis before now.

Mr. Lynch said that these circumstances should be taken into consideratin by the good people of Massillon and Navarre, and they should exercise a reasonable patience. He expressed great confidence in the outcome of the electric railway system of which he is the president, and said it was the intention of himself and the stockholders to develop this system very much larger than it is at present just as soon as it can be done. He believes that not only should the Navarre line be built, but a line to Brookfield, and probably to Greenville, will come in time He also thinks that extensions should be made from Canton to neighboring towns, and that this system should be extended so as to reach many parts of the county which are now difficult of access. He believes that Canton and Massillon are the two focal points of the western part of the county, and it is only a question of time when this system will be extended so as to realize his views.

Mr. Lynch declined to express any opinion as to the exact time when they could take up the necessary new construction. He remarked that the financial situation was growing better every day. He believed that before long enough money could be raised to build not only the Navarre line, but others that would interest the Massillon and Canton people very much.

The reporter says that Mr. Lynch talked with great frankness in the matter both as to the past history and future prospects of the railroad system, and is extremely sanguine as to the outcome in the near future.

No Minors Need Apply.

Nine young men residing in Massillon and employed on the Ft. Wayne work trains were discharge this morning. Each was under age, and hereafter minors will not be employed by the company in any capacity. This rule has just gone into effect and will be enforced all along the Pennsylvania lines.

Glass Works to Start Up.

Reed & Co.'s glass works will be in operation by November 15. The men employed at the pot furnace will not resume work for the present.

DR. SCOVEL TO THE TEACHERS

A Valuable Lecture—Other Educational News.

Dr. Sylvester Scovel, president of Wooster University, lectured before the school teachers of Canton, Friday night, in the Presbyterian church. Forty Massillon teachers were present. For two hours Dr. Scovel held the attention of his audience, while he discussed the subject of reading. "Who can tell what things live in sixty millions of people?" he inquired. "Popular things are true things. Teachers live closer to the people than any other class of persons. If anybody can mould the reading of the people the teacher can. Compared with other nations Americans do more reading than any other on the face of the earth. When the human mind is glued upon the printed page imperishable influence results. The more reading has grown the more so the strength of mind and character has grown. It is in being a reading people that we depend upon for our commercial strength and growth. The books that a community reads are an index to their intellectuality.

"People raise the cry of 'poverty,' while enough money is spent in bonnets, finger rings, dinner sets, etc., to provide a first class library in every home. Three continents were sifted for seed to plant America. Ohio has nine kinds of land, and so has nine kinds of population, but she was set apart for freedom and knowledge by the ordinance of '87. Ohio now has forty colleges. One was born last year on an endowment of $25,000. Ohio can put a good library into every city and village school. Germany is beyond every other land in the intensity of her reading. It is high time for teachers in Ohio to endeavor to create a reading passion.

"The teacher touches the springs of literary curiosity. There is no aristocracy of brain. The library is superior to the concert, art and travel in point of culture. One will never know things by only seeing them and not reading about them. No other means of culture are so potent as the library and reading room. There is not a single trade but has its own literature, and craftsmen should have access to everything that has been written in their line. The library is the nucleus for the debating club, which is a means of culture."

The lecturer then recited the "Woodchuck Case," in which Daniel Webster won the rodent's liberty.

"The desire to use what they read makes people read," he resumed "On every floor of every school mind should combat with mind. The newspapers should be read because they deserve reading. 'Past history is present politics,' says Freeman. There is an exceedingly small proportion of inaccuracy in the newspapers. The daily press is scrappy essentially and necessarily. I never read any book that I did not want a newspaper to find out that it was still true.

Can a person read a newspaper without wanting to read a book? The newspaper is the instantaneous fiction of yesterday. The daily press forges and welds the world as no other power can. Where does it fail to penetrate? Nothing is more important than ability to read aright. When morals are put before money the Satanic press and the Sunday press will be extinguished.

"The people and the novel are the closest of friends. Where can one go to get away from the novel? The novels seem to be the locusts of Egypt devouring every green thing. There is no real character in the novel. Fiction in itself lessens the disposition to think. If your mind grows sluggish demonstrate a problem from Euclid. What do novels prove? The appetite for knowledge never comes from reading a novel. There is nothing more despicable than a person blase from novel reading."

It will be of interest to educators to learn that the state of New York has appropriated $25,000 a year for four years, beginning with 1895, for the purchase of stereopticans and other apparatus for the purpose of giving illustrations in schools. Prof. Albert S. Bickmore, of the American Museum of Natural History, New York city, has outlined a course of lectures which are thus to be illustrated. Charles Beseler, 218 Cente street, has been awarded the contract for sixty seven stereopticons to be furnished to city or village schools having superintendents. The superintendent's outfits cost $75 each and are furnished free to the schools by the state. The stereopticons are so planned that either electric or calcium light may be used. In the hands of a competent teacher the above apparatus can result only in interest and profit to the cause of education.

The teachers of Perry township and the city will meet in the East street building Saturday afternoon, November 2, to map out a plan of work for the winter. A programme is being arranged which will be published next week.

Dalton will have a lecture course this winter. Five entertainments for fifty cents. The Rev. John B. Koehne, H. H. Emmet, the Boston Stars, Miss Varnum and Herbert A. Sprague have been booked

The educational congresses of the Exposition at Atlanta, Ga., opened by the N. E. A. in the Exposition auditorium October 25 and 26. The training of teachers was discussed by F. W. Parker, Normal, Ill., and E. Oram Lyle, Pennsylvania State Normal; college degrees, Pres. Geo. A. Ramsey, Louisiana; higher education in the South, Prof. Edwin A. Alderman, University of North Carolina; university education, Pres. Wm. R. Harper, University of Chicago. Friday's session concluded with addresses by Commissioner Harris, of Washington, and Dr. A. E. Winship, of Boston. On Saturday Pres. Ellen Labin, of Milwaukee, discussed "Secondary Education;" Mrs. Eva D. Kellogg, Boston, "Progress of Primary Education;" Hon. Charles A Skinner, Albany, "Rural Schools;" F. Louis Soluan, St Louis, and Oscar Cooper, Galveston, "Aim of Elementary Schools." The meeting closed with an address by Pres Francis A. Patton, of the University of New Jersey, on "University Education"

There is a state law whereby provision is made for the setting aside of fifty dollars each year for library purposes, by township boards of education This sum judiciously expended would provide every county school with quite a respectable library of books of reference, travels and fiction.

Wayne county school examiners have adopted McMurray's General Method, as a basis for the examination of applicants in the theory and practice of teaching. White's School Management is used for the same purpose by the examiners of Stark county teachers.

It has been the custom for years to have the literary exercises in the schools of this city on Wednesday afternoon. The essays on Oliver Cromwell, Virginia, James I, Charles II, Jamestown, and the Cavaliers, in connection with the study of the colony of Virginia, in the East street school, show much commendable work on the part of the teachers and pupils. The rhetorical exercises in many schools are mere formal affairs devoid of interest, and parents allow pupils to absent themselves from them on the most trivial pretexts, This should not be so, for the training of men and women who shall be able to think well and speak entertainingly when addressing an audience is of much more practical utility than the mastery of some of the intricacies of Latin verbs and Greek roots.

Twenty volumes have been added to the West Salem school library, and copies of Harper's Century, St. Nicholas, the Metropolitan, etc. West Salem's example is worthy of emulation.

Prof. William Johns has a normal training class of fifteen members, who study White's "School Management" for an hour after school every Friday afternoon.

Lange's Apperception and Herbart and the Herbartians by Dr. Charles DeGarmo are required to be read by all members of the Society of Pedagogical and Psychological Inquiry.

The September number of the High School Record, published in the interest of the Canton high school, came out last week. It reflects credit on its editors, all of whom are high school pupils, and it also engenders a healthy educational spirit in its readers.

The book war between the American Book Co., and Ginn & Co., at Creston, Ohio, has been declared off with the Ginns in the lead.

NOW FISCUS IS FREE.

Dalton's Divorce Case Settled In Wooster.

HE PAYS THE WIFE $5,000

An Affair that Caused a Social Upheaval Brought to an End and the Facts Suppressed Until Now—the Terms of Settlement.

WOOSTER, Oct. 26.—The people of Wayne county will be surprised to know that the divorce and alimony proceedings brought by Clara Fiscus, of Dalton, against John M. Fiscus, now of Latrobe, Pa., was settled some time ago, and the facts suppressed for purposes unknown. The case is one that astounded Dalton society. Very little is known here of Mrs. Fiscus. The husband is generally acquainted, however, and is known to have come pretty near to making a fortune by the clever disposal of some coal land in Pennsylvania. Recently he has been stopping in Massillon, but is expected to return to Pennsylvania.

Some months ago a mutual agreement was entered into in which John M. Fiscus paid the sum of $5,000 in cash, all of his real estate in Dalton, consisting of his former homestead, in which the family now reside, also all household goods, house and lot adjoining, and a half acre tract with choicest fruit. The properties and household goods above mentioned represent a sum total of over $6,000. There is reliable information that J. M. Fiscus never would have agreed to give this sum except only for the maintenance and support of his three children, until they become twenty-one years of age.

IN A BAD WAY.

Overdrawn Canton City Funds—Court News.

CANTON, Oct. 26.—It may comfort the citizen who thought that Massillon was getting in a bad way, financially, to find this in the report of a special committee of Canton councilmen:

"We find we inherited from our predecessors the following overdrafts: Fire fund overdraft, March 17. 1895, $5,499.47; streets and alleys fund overdraft, March 17, 1895, $7.031.34; police and marshal fund overdraft, March 17, 1895, $136.48; street lighting fund overdraft, March 17, 1895, $4,571.97. Total, $17,239 36.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Massillon, third ward, James Morgan to Wilhelmina Koontz, lot, $350.

Massillon, fourth ward, Philip Paul heirs to J. Edward Tordt, lot No. 258, $525.

Tuscarawas township, A. B. Hershey to Catharine Schwartz, lot No. 11, in the Hershey addition, $300.

Lawrence township, Harvey E. Blocher to Regina Smith, 3 46-100 acres out of 87 63-100 acres, $346.

TOWNSHIP TRUSTEES.

A Regular Session at Which Bills are Paid.

The township trustees met Friday evening and paid the following bills:

Harriet Brown and David Hess	$ 7 50
H. B. Garrigues	3 75
Ed. M. Ertle	75
Mrs. Moses Harris	5 00
Mrs. Stemmle	9 56
Massillon Cemetery Association	12 00
A. D. Metzgar	4 00
G. W. Hendrich	8 00
A. J. Humberger & Sons	9 81
Mrs Robt. Tipping	4 50
W. S. C. W. Bees	8 00
Grove & Sonnhalter	6 00
Lux & Yetzet	7 60
D. Hansen	10 00
Morgan & Co	8 50
John Swinemaker	45
J. D. Frank	4 50
C. Wurth & Bro	12 00
L. Hafer	7 60
W. A. Pierzecker	19 05
Mrs. C. Will	12 00
Schworm Bros	6 00
J. B. Dangler	4 00
Wm. Castleman	3 00
John McCune	6 10
The Independent Company	2 00
H. Bettner and H. Wollenhaupt	50 00
Jacob Ringley	25 00

Doings at the Mines.

The Krause and Pocock Nos. 1 and 2 mines, located on the Wheeling & Lake Erie road, turned out twenty-five cars of coal yesterday.

The Pocock No 1 and the Miller Hill mines are working today.

THE STRIKE IS OVER.

Miners So Decide on Rolling Mill Green.

PRESIDENT MOSSOP'S ADDRESS.

He Charges the National Organization with Flooding the District with Circulars Designed to Destroy the Local Discipline —The Vote on the Question.

The Massillon miners will resume work at the present scale of fifty-five cents and will abide by the permanent price decided upon by the arbitrators. This was decided by the 500 men who attended the rolling mill green meeting, Saturday, by a vote of about 300 to 200.

The meeting was opened by President Mossop, who, after greeting the men, made a short address, defining the situation, and requesting the men to express their honest opinions, and to vote as their good judgment prompted them. Mr. Mossop deeply regretted that some of the miners had resumed work contrary to the command of the officials, and said that if the national organization had left the Massillon miners as severely alone as it did during their memorable seven months' strike, they would not be in their present position. He further stated that the national organization had flooded the entire valley with its circulars requesting the men to continue at work, hoping by this step to again win the Massillon district back to its ranks.

Had the men remained united in their strike Mr. Mossop asserted that they would have been rewarded by success. He said that he had already made arrangements for a joint convention of miners and operators to be held next Tuesday and but for this inopportune break he felt sure that much could have been accomplished A motion to continue the strike was then made, but was not seconded.

Then George Ray, of Navarre, moved that the Massillon miners again become a part of the national association. An audible murmur of disapproval ran through the meeting and the motion received no second.

A motion made by John Hammond, of North Lawrence, and seconded by Jabez Pittzley, that work be resumed, was then taken up for discussion. After a long argument, it was put to a vote, with the foregoing result.

The mines reported as working were: Goat Hill, Millport, Penman, Miller Hill, Krause No. 2, Upper Pigeon Run, and Pocock No. 2. Those idle were: Minglewood, Hernbrook, Dalton, Anderson, Sandbank, Woodland and Pigeon Run.

The Camp Creek mine was not considered, as it is not of the Massillon vein, and is not represented in the district association.

JUDGE LITTLE ACCEPTS.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 26 — Judge Little, of Xenia, member of the state board of arbitration, has been selected as arbitrator between the miners and operators, and has accepted.

Judge Bradbury, of the Ohio supreme court, was first agreed upon, but that gentleman declined to serve because of his official opinion. The conference was held behind closed doors, but it is known that a committee consisting of President Ratchford for the miners and Mr. H. L. Chapman for the operators, was appointed to call upon Chairman Bishop, of the state board of arbitration.

Bound Over to Court.

Mrs. Mary Geisel, the defendent in the criminal slander case which was tried before Justice Sibila on Friday, was bound over to probate court in the sum of $100. Bond was supplied.

What use is there in eating when food does you no good—in fact, when it does you more harm than good, for such is the case if it is not digested?

If you have a loathing for food there is no use of forcing it down, for it will not be digested. You must restore the digestive organs to their natural strength and cause the food to be digested when an appetite will come, and with it a relish for food.

The tired, langnid feeling will give place to vigor and energy; then you will put flesh on your bones and become strong The Shaker Digestive Cordial as made by the Mount Lebanon Shakers contains food already digested and is a digester of food as well Its action is prompt and its effects permanent.

Doctors prescribe Laxol because it has all the virtues of Castor Oil and is palatable.

If you want a pair of fine boots or shoes, hand made, to order, you can get them at 21 West Main street. Shoes made in all styles, sewed or pegged. Repairing promply and neatly done. Open from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m.

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TOPEKA, - KANSAS

Nervous Prostration

Cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine.

Prolonged derangement of the nervous system not only affects the brain and mental powers, but develops disease in some of the vital organs. The most dangerous of these indirect results is when the heart is affected. This was the case of the Rev. N. F. Surface, Fawn River, Mich., who writes under date of Feb. 14, 1895:

"Fourteen years ago I had a slight stroke of paralysis. Overwork brought on nervous prostration. I was exceedingly nervous and the exertion of public speaking caused heart palpitation that threatened my life. I used two bottles of Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure for my heart trouble, and two of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine for my nervousness and feel better than I ever expected to feel again. I can speak for hours without tiring or having my heart flutter as it formerly did, and I have you to thank that I am alive today."

On sale by all druggists. Dr. Miles' Book on Heart and Nervous Disorders FREE by mail. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Remedies Restore Health.

Get the Best.

If you want an elegant lemon or vanilla extract, you need not pay a fancy price for it but insist upon having

SOUDERS' ELEGANT FLAVORING EXTRACTS

LEMON 10c.
VANILLA 15c.

The flavor is just as delicate and the quality equal to the higher priced extracts. For sale everywhere. Put up in an oval bottle with a green label.

Royal Remedy and Extract Co.,
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Our line of China Ware is most complete, especially in the finer grades, and we are prepared to meet the wants of all. The fact is, our stock is too large, and we are obliged to reduce it. A splendid assortment of Vases, Jardinieres, handsomely decorated Chamber Sets, Bric-a-brac—a thousand and one articles of real merit, will be disposed of at sacrifice prices. - - - - - -

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WE BEAT THEM ALL.

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All Kinds of LAMPS, and we are selling them at way-down prices.

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FARM FIELD AND GARDEN

CUTTING CORN FODDER.

When It Pays to Cut Fine—Different Styles of Cutters and Splitters.

Here are some practical points from a correspondent who has practiced cutting corn fodder for a number of years and finds that it pays for horses and sheep. He writes to Ohio Farmer that he finds four kinds of cutters on the market. One has knives attached to a revolving cylinder; another has knives in a large wheel running at right angles with throat of machine; the third, the hand cutter; the fourth has a series of knives attached to a shaft in such a way as to cut and split, making fine cut of butts as well as tops. The product of the different kinds of machines only differs in length of cut and the last being a splitter. He writes:

In cutting corn fodder the quantity one has to be consumed per head must govern the degree of fineness into which the fodder is cut. If one has a large amount of fodder to feed, and the amount of stock is small, it will be poor policy to run the course, woody butts through the digestive organs of any animal. Hence the fodder must be cut in such a manner as to enable the animal to eat that which is desirable and reject the other portions.

The coarser fodder is cut the nearer this desirable point will be reached. If one has only a limited amount of fodder with a large amount of stock, where much grain is fed to fattening animals, the finer fodder is cut the more value will be obtained from it. Experience has taught the observing feeder that a certain amount of coarse, bulky food of some kind must be fed in connection with grain rations to secure the highest degree of digestion as well as preserving the health of the animal.

The next thing to be considered in buying a cutter is the available power one has for reducing one's fodder to the desirable consistency. Note this one point, that the shorter the cut the higher the speed must be to accomplish a certain amount of work in a given time; hence the greater must be the power. Cutting and splitting machines that run at a rate of 1,000 revolutions per minute cannot be successfully run by hand or horse power. Another objection comes with the fine cutting—that is, the danger of heating. Only small quantities an be cut at a time, as heating is sure to spoil large quantities in case of warm weather and damp fodder.

Cutters that have knives attached to a revolving shaft or cylinder are also objectionable, as the rapid revolving of the shaft or cylinder does not give sufficient time for length of cut. I have in use a Swiss cutter with two knives 18 inches long in a wheel 44 inches in diameter, running at right angles with the throat knives, adjustable by means of set screws to throat plate, thus always insuring a perfect shear cut. With this machine a length of about 2½ inches can be cut. This length partly overcomes the objection of length equal to or shorter than diameter of stalks, which causes sore mouth by standing on end in the animal's mouth, making short length highly objectionable.

Even with this length, 2½ inches, I have never found it profitable to cut fodder for cattle, as they do not relish it as well as in its natural state, especially so in warm weather. I would only recommend cutting for horses and sheep, and this in lengths of three inches if a machine could be obtained to cut that length. The existing feature in all machines of two cutting knives for each revolution makes it impossible for the feed to advance to that length. The hand cutter would be the only machine that would give these desired results. I have seen those with high speed cutters and splitters have the cutting fever, and have seen the chills follow.

How to Irrigate.

A writer who has observed methods in California, Arizona, Utah, Wyoming, Nebraska and other states has concluded (1) the best method is the old and well known one of gravitation, taking the water from streams and conveying in ditches to the land where it is to be used. Subirrigation, where it is practicable, gives good results. Where water is raised by pumping with a lift of 10 to 40 feet a water wheel or turbine connected with a centrifugal pump is cheapest and most satisfactory. Windmills for lifting water for the ordinary farmer's garden or small truck farming are desirable, provided wooden tanks are used or the soil is such that a watertight reservoir can be built. Centrifugal pumps, water elevators or other pumps when driven by steam or gasoline engines, horsepower or other expensive methods are impracticable. He tells in The American Agriculturist that he does not regard any method practicable for general farming except where water flows direct from streams in ditches at low cost.

Fodder Cutters.

Of the several fodder cutters that have been tried at the Kansas station the report is that "none has given better satisfaction than a one horse sledge cutter. It is provided with two knives, which are hinged to the body of the sled and can be folded in on the sled when not in use. It has been improved and made easier to pull by providing it with four low and broad cast iron wheels. It is pulled by a single horse and cuts two rows at a time. Two men stand upon the cutter, each facing a row. As the corn is cut they gather it into armfuls, which they drop in heaps on the ground.

The Alfalfa Crop.

The alfalfa crop is rapidly growing in importance. It is becoming a great factor in western feeding operations. It furnishes the protein to balance the ration in which corn is the main ingredient, and both crops are suited to the dry climate beyond the Missouri.

METHODS OF IRRIGATION.

Five Plans of Distributing Water Tested at the Utah Station.

In Utah there are two common systems in vogue. One is the system of covering the ground with water, or simply flooding it, and the other is irrigation by furrows. Everything that can be planted in rows is so planted and furrows plowed between the rows. With the small grains an instrument or machine is run through the field just after planting, leaving the ground in small furrows about a foot apart. When this machine is crudely made, it is called a "go devil," and the practice is called "go devilling." With corn, potatoes, beets, etc., the furrow system of irrigation is practiced. At the Utah station, along with other methods, was tested the merits of these two systems by direct comparison of the yields by the two methods with both wheat and corn. The common flooding system gave an increased yield of more than 23 per cent over that irrigated by the furrow or "go devil" system. The yield of straw was also increased by flooding. This being the work of but one season it may be well to take the results with some caution.

In the corn tests, which covered four years, the furrow irrigation was that commonly in use. The corn was planted in hills and furrows run through one way and the water allowed to run through these furrows between the rows. In flooding the corn was irrigated as is a level field of wheat by simply covering the entire surface with water. Results show that for every year except 1891 there was an increase of yield in corn amounting in 1894 to more than 63 per cent by the method of flooding over the furrow irrigation. The averages for the four years show an increase of more than 15 per cent by flooding. The yield of stover was the same for the first two years by both systems, while for the last two years there was an increase by flooding, making for the average of the four years an increase of nearly 10 per cent in the stover for the flooding over the furrow irrigation. Following is a summary of the tests made:

Of five different methods of distributing water on grass land distributing by a network of small ditches gave the best results. The methods which distributed the water most evenly over the ground gave the highest yields.

There was an increase in yield of wheat of more than 23 per cent by the common flooding system over the furrow or "go devil" system. Result of duplicate plats for but one year.

With corn there was an increase of more than 15 per cent by flooding over the furrow system. The corn stover increased nearly ten per cent by the flooding system over the furrow system.

Professor Richman at this station found that "irrigating potatoes by flooding gave better results than irrigating between the rows."

As the hilling method of cultivation is found to decrease the yield as compared with level cultivation, it is thought probable that this had as much to do with the results as did the different methods of irrigation.

By flooding fields of corn the same as wheat and cultivating the ground as soon as dry enough we have reached a yield of more than 90 bushels per acre of White Flint corn, the average for five years being 46.72 bushels per acre. When the flooding system is practiced, it is thought that cultivation at just the proper time is very important.

Sweet Cider.

Numbered with popular methods for keeping cider sweet is one explained by Farm, Field and Fireside: Add to the cider after it has begun to ferment as much white sugar as will equal one-fourth to three fourths pound to each gallon of cider, according to the acidity of the apples. Then let fermentation proceed until it has the taste to suit, then add one-fourth ounce sulphite—not sulphate—of lime to each gallon of cider. The sulphite should first be dissolved in a quart of cider before putting it into the barrel. Agitate briskly, then let the cider settle, and the fermentation will cease at once. Let it stand three days to become clear, then draw off and bottle carefully, or remove the sediment and return to the clean cask.

It is also told that cider may be preserved absolutely sweet by putting it up in airtight cans after the manner of preserving fruit. The cider should be first settled and racked or drawn off from the dregs, and fermentation should not be allowed to commence before canning.

Keeping of Winter Squashes.

The squashes ought to be thoroughly ripened before taken from the vines and gathered before they are nipped by frost. Handle carefully. If intended for winter use, they must not be bruised or the stem broken, as the slightest injury will increase the liability to decay. Discard all the soft shelled or unripe ones. Much depends on keeping them from moisture. Dampness and an uneven temperature are fatal to good keeping. If kept in a warm, damp cellar, they will soon rot. The best plan is to place them on a shelf or on the floor in a frostproof garret. If stored in heaps, the under ones will send out the moisture and cause the whole lot to rot in a short time.—American Agriculturist.

Renovating a Prairie Pasture.

On a failing prairie pasture, reported upon from the Kansas station, the seeds of several tame grasses were sown after cultivating the surface with a disk harrow. The tame grasses were crowded out by the prairie grass, and it was concluded that the proper way to renovate native pastures is to take off the stock, harrow the surface early in the spring and leave the pasture to itself.

Bank up celery to the top all the celery to be used before Christmas or blanch it by boarding up. The plants intended for late winter or spring can be put into the root cellar or trench later on without much previous earthing up.

TO SAVE DURRANT'S NECK.

A Suicide Leaves a Letter Detailing a Plot to Testify Falsely.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 29.—The coroner has received a letter signed Geo. Reynolds saying the writer's body would be found in the bay and confessing he had been employed by the attorneys of Theodore Durrant to manufacture testimony in the murder case of Blanche Lamont and Minnie Williams. The letter says five other men were also employed by the defense to make false statements.

The object was to convict Rev. J. George Gibson, pastor of Emanuel church, of the murder of both girls. Each of the five was to swear to a part of a story which in its entirety would probably convict Gibson. The letter is accompanied by a typewritten statement which the letter says Reynolds was instructed by the defendant's counsel to swear to. The police are investigating the matter, but will not admit that the letter is a hoax.

Suspected of a Murder.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 29.—Anson Crisler is being held by the Kansas City police charged with murdering Edward Illston, whose dead body was found in a clump of bushes near Topeka.

Bloody Riot Among Negroes.

SHREVEPORT, La., Oct. 29.—A bloody riot has occured among a crowd of negroes in Bossier parish, 15 miles from this city, in which two were killed and several injured.

Escaping Convicts Shot.

DALLAS, Oct. 29.—Three convicts, trying to escape from the camp on the Fort Worth road, have been shot, one killed outright and the other two wounded.

A Marquis Charged With Murder.

BOURGES, France, Oct. 29.—The trial af the Marquis de Nayve, who is charged with the murder of his stepson in 1885, has begun.

The A. R. U. After Hill.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 30.—The indications are that James J. Hill will be compelled to accede the demands to be made on him by the American Railway union or have visited upon the Great Northern railroad an extensive strike. There is now at Devil's Lake, N. D., a committee of eight revising the schedules for submission to President Hill. The main ground for contention is that a low paid man with a grievance is entitled to as much consideration as a high paid man without a grievance. It is also claimed that Mr. Hill, ever since the union won the great strike in 1894, has been systematically violating the agreement made at that time.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 29.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 71@72c; No. 2 red, 69@70c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 39½@40c; mixed ear, 38@39c; No. 2 yellow shelled, 37¾@38c; high mixed shelled, 36⅝@37¼c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 24¼@24½c; No. 2 do, 23¾@23¾; extra No. 3 white, 22¼@22½c; light mixed, 21¾@22c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $16.00@16.25; No. 2 timothy, $15.00@15.25; mixed clover, $14.00@14.50; packing, $8.50@9.00; No. 1 feeding prairie, $11.00@11.25; wagon hay, $17.00@17.50 for timothy.

BUTTER — Elgin creamery, 25c; Ohio fancy creamery, 21@22c; fancy country roll, 16@17c; low grades and cooking, 5@7c.

CHEESE—Ohio mild, new, 8¼@8½c; New York, new, 9¼@9¾c, limberger, new, 10@10½c; Wisconsin Swiss, 12@13c; Ohio Swiss, 11½@12c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 16½@17c; 1c more for candled; cold storage, 15@16c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 45@50c per pair; live chickens, small, 25@30c; spring chickens, 25@45c, as to size; dressed chickens, 10@12c per pound, dressed spring chickens, 8@9c, live ducks, 60@75c per pair; live turkeys, 7@8c per pound; dressed, 12@13c.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., Oct. 29.

CATTLE—Receipts liberal this week; 115 cars on sale; the market is opening up slow at about unchanged prices. We quote as follows: 1,400 to 1,600 lbs, $4.60@4.80; good 1,200 to 1,300 lbs, $4.30@4.50; good butchers', 1,000 to 1,200 lbs, $3.80@4.00; rough fat, $2.50@3.50; bulls, cows and stags $1.50@3.00; fresh cows and springers, $15.00@40.00; feeders, $3.50@3.85.

HOGS—Receipts very light today, and the quality of stock is poor; the market is about steady for good grades by the local trade. We quote: Prime medium, $4.05@4.10; best Yorkers $3.95@4.00; common to fair Yorkers and pigs, $3.75@3.90; roughs, $3.00@3.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply only fair today, and the market about steady at following prices: Extra, $2.80@3.10; good, $2.20@2.50; fair, $1.40@2.10; common, 50c@$1.00; lambs, $2.00@4.10; veal calves, $5.00@6.00; heavy and thin calves, $2.00@3.00.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 29.

HOGS—Market weak at $3.25@3.85; receipts, 3,600 head; shipments, 1,500 head.

CATTLE—Market weak at $2.25@4.40; receipts, 300 head; shipments, 100 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market weak at $1.00@2.75; receipts, 1,900 head; shipments, 600 head. Lambs, market slow and weak at $2.15@4.00.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.

WHEAT—Spot market weaker. No. 2 red, 71½c; No. 1 hard, 69¾c.

CORN—Spot market weaker. No. 2, 37½c.

OATS—Spot market easy. No. 2, 63½c.

CATTLE—European cables quote American steers at 8¼@10½c dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 7@8½c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep market steady and very quiet; poor to prime, $1.50@3.50. Lambs, common to choice, $3.25@4.50.

HOGS—Market slow at $4.00@4.25.

Chicago and Toledo Markets.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—[By Associated Press] — Hogs, firmer, $3.20@$3.65; wheat, 57⅞; corn, 30; oats, 18¼.

TOLEDO, Oct. 30. — [By Associated Press.]—Wheat, 66¼.

The Massillon Markets.

The following prices are being paid in the Massillon markets for grain and produce on this date, October 31, 1895

GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat, per bushel (old)	66
Wheat, per buseel (new)	65
Rye, per bushel	40
Oats	20-22
Corn	30-35
Barley	60
Wool	8-10-12
Flax Seed	$1 00
Clover Seed	$3 50-3 80
Timothy Seed	52 00
Bran, per 100 lbs	90
Middlings, per 100 lbs	$1 00
Hay	$14 00-16 00

PRODUCE.

Choice Butter, per lb	18 20
Eggs, per dozen	17
Lard, per pound	7
Hams, per lb	10
Shoulders	8
Sides	8
Cheese, per lb	10
White beans, per bushel	$1 90-$2 25
Potatoes	25
Onions	50
Apples	30-40
Evaporated Apples, choice	10-11
Dried Peaches, peeled	12-15
Dried Peaches, unpeeled	4- 5
Salt, per barrel	$1 00-$1 20

A GOOD THING - PUSH IT ALONG

BATTLE AX
Plug Tobacco
A Great Big Piece for 10 Cents

Pair of Swindling Aristocrats.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 30.—A couple, passing as the Count and Countess Schelliher of Germany, and who have been entertained here by society people, are missing. When a constable called at their apartments in a fashionable family hotel to levy an attachment for an unpaid board bill at another house, their rooms were found to be empty. They forgot to pay their bills at this hotel also.

A Missionary Meeting.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 30.—The twenty-seventh annual meeting of the woman's board of missions of the interior has opened here.

From Sire to Son.

As a family medicine Bacon's Celery King for the nerves passes from sire to son as a legacy. If you have kidney, liver or blood disorder do not delay, but get a free sample package of this remedy at once. If you have indigestion, constipation, headache, rheumatism, etc., this grand specific will cure you. McCuen, the leading druggist, 15 West Main street, is distributing samples free to the afflicted. Large packages 50c and 25c.

The Darlington, Wis., Journal says editorially of a popular patent medicine: "We know from experience that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy is all that is claimed for it, as on two occasions it stopped excruciating pains and possibly saved us from an untimely grave. We would not rest easy over night without it in the house." This remedy undoubtedly saves more pain and suffering than any other medicine in the world. Every family should keep it in the house, for it is sure to be needed sooner or later. For sale by Saltsman Drug Co.

Glad Tidings

The grand specific for the prevailing malady of the age, dyspepsia, liver complaint, rheumatism, costiveness, general debility, etc., is Bacon's Celery King for the nerves. This great herbal tonic stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the liver and restores the system to vigorous health and energies. Samples free. Large packages 50¢ and 25¢. Sold by McCuen, 15 West Main street.

It Costs Little and Does Much.

Remark when you attend a play or concert how many people disturb the performance by coughing. One man begins and the cough seems to be contagious. The interruption is a great nuisance, and there is no need of it, for anyone may cure a cough with the Pineola Balsam, which costs 25c. It soothes the inflammation in the throat and loosens the mucus which clogs the air passages. A few doses of Ely's Pineola Balsam stop a cough and heal a sore throat.

Farm, For Sale.

I will sell my farm, consisting of 122 acres, located 1 mile north-east of Bolivar, in Bethlehem township, Stark county. This farm is under a good state of cultivation; soil is a very rich, sandy loam; good new buildings; three good wells; young orchard, all kinds of fruit. The said farm will rent for 7 per cent. annually on the investment. For further particulars, call on the owner, Geo. H. Koehler.

Satisfactory Results,

Waynesburg, O., Oct. 20.—I have been using Hood's Sarsaparilla and my mother and father have also used it for many years with satisfactory results. We feel that we could hardly do without Hood's Sarsaparilla in the house.—Katy A. Slutz.

Hood's Pills are especially prepared to be taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Shiloh's Cure is sold on a guarantee. It cures incipient consumption. It is the best cough cure. Only one cent a dose. 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1.00. For sale by E. S. Craig and G. B. Fulton.

THIS CAN'T HAPPEN WITH AN IVORY TOP

"IVORY TOP" lamp chimneys represent the result that glass experts have been trying to produce since the day glass was discovered. They will not break with heat, and will stand ten times more knocking than any lamp chimney was ever expected to stand. Besides their strength and economy, they look best on the lamp. When the old chimney breaks, get an

IVORY TOP

and end the trouble. Your dealer has them, or will get them if you ask him. Refuse all substitutes. A book telling all about lamps and their care, sent free.

THE LIPPINCOTT GLASS CO.,
Alexandria, Ind.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment

Is unequalled for Eczema, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Chapped Hands, Itching Piles, Burns, Frost Bites, Chronic Sore Eyes and Granulated Eye Lids. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over-worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

The Saltsman Drug Co., Massillon, O

TRADE MARK. TONSILINE

DO NOT FORGET

TONSILINE

When you or yours have

Sore Throat, Sore Mouth, or Tonsilitis

It cures quickly,

25 and 50 cents.

TONSILINE SAVES DOLLARS and LIVES

Sheriff's Sale.

Robert W. McCaughey, vs. Fannie L. Clay, et. al. } ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction at the door of the court house, in the city of Canton, on

Saturday, November 16th, '95,

the following described real estate, to wit:

Situated in the city of Massillon, county or Stark and state of Ohio, and described as follows: That certain lot or parcel of real estate at the northwest corner of Main and Clay streets, known as and being a strip of land fifty (50) feet front and rear off of the east side or end of Market square as designated and called on the original and duly recorded map or plat of the town, now said city of Massillon, and being the same premises which were conveyed to said Fanny L. Clay by Charles A. Krider as sheriff of Stark county by his deed dated December 1st, 1891, and being also known as lot No. 176 new number in said city.

Appraised at $18,000

Terms, cash.

Sale to commence at one o'clock p. m.

HIRAM DOLL, Sheriff.

Willison & Day, Attorneys.

Election Proclamation.

NOTICE is hereby given to the qualified electors of Stark county, Ohio, that they meet at the usual places of holding elections in their respective townships, wards and precincts, on

Tuesday, November 5, 1895,

then and there to elect, by ballot, according to the constitution and laws of Ohio, the following State, District and County officers:

One person for Governor.
One person for Lieutenant Governor.
One person for Auditor of State.
One person for Judge of Supreme Court.
One person for Attorney General.
One person for Clerk of Supreme court.
One person for Treasurer of State.
One person for Board of Public Works.
One person for Circuit Court Judge, (for unexpired term of Judge John W. Jenner.)
One person for Judge of Common Pleas Court.
One person for State Senator 21st District.
One person for Sheriff.
One person for Clerk of Courts.
One person for Auditor.
One person for Treasurer.
One person for Commissioner.
One person for Infirmary Director.
One person for Surveyor.
Two persons for Representatives.

Given under my hand at the city of Canton, this 5th day of October, A. D. 1895.

HIRAM DOLL,
Sheriff of Stark County, Ohio.

You will always find local news on the inside pages of THE INDEPENDENT.

Times for Holding Court of Common Pleas, A. D. 1896.

STATE OF OHIO,
NINTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT }

It is ordered that the terms of the Court of Common Pleas of the several counties in said district for the year 1896, be fixed as follows, to wit:

Ashtabula county, January 6th, May 4th, October 19th.
Geauga county on January 6th, May 4th, October 19th.
Lake county on February 17th, June 1st, November 9th.
Columbiana county on February 3rd, May 4th, October 5th.
Carroll county on February 17th, May 11th, November 9th.
Stark county on January 6th, May 4th, September 21st.
Mahoning county on January 6th, May 4th, September 21st.
Trumbull county on February 3rd, May 18th, October 5th.
Portage county on January 6th, April 6th, September 7th.

Said courts to open at 10 o'clock a. m.

ISAAC H. TAYLOR,
T. T. MCCARTY,
N. B. BILLINGSLEY,
F. I. GILLMER,
GEO. F. ROBINSON,
JOS. R. JOHNSTON,
W. P. HOWLAND,
D. W. CANFIELD,
Judges.

Dated Oct. 15, 1895.

THE STATE OF OHIO, } ss.
STARK COUNTY.

I, Oliver M. Coxen, clerk of the Common Pleas Court in and for the county and state aforesaid, certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the written order fixing the day of the commencement of each term of the common pleas courts in each county of said Ninth Judicial District, for the year 1896.

SEAL } In witness whereof I hereunto subscribe my name and affix the seal of said court, this 16th day of October, A. D. 1895.

OLIVER M. COXEN, Clerk.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Louisa K. Mendlin, vs. Augustus Momfer. } ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an attachment of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction at the door of the Court House, in the city of Canton, on Saturday, November 23, 1895, the following described property, to-wit: The undivided ¼ interest in out lot No. 12, section 17 First ward, Massillon, Stark county, Ohio, and containing 1 and one sixth acres of land, subject to the life estate of Elizabeth Kramer. Appraised at $250. Terms cash. Sale to commence at one o'clock, p. m.

R. A. PINN, Attorney. HIRAM DOLL, Sheriff.

DR B. E. OTTMAN,

The Celebrated Specialist,

Of Columbus, O. will be at the

Hotel Conrad, Massillon, Wednesday, Nov. 20

Office Hours from 9 a. m. to 6:00 p. m. One Day Only Each Month

No money required of responsible parties to commence treatment.

HE CURES AFTER OTHERS FAIL.

The Most Successful and Scientific Treatment of All Diseases and Weaknesses of Mankind Possible to Obtain.

The most widely and favorably known Specialist in the United States. His long experience, remarkable skill and universal success in the largest hospitals in the world enables him to treat all CHRONIC, NERVOUS, SKIN and BLOOD Diseases upon the latest scientific principles, and entitles him to the full confidence of the afflicted everywhere.

DR. OTTMAN has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. Medical and Surgical Diseases, Acute and Chronic Catarrh, Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Dyspepsia, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Chronic Female and Sexual Diseases speedily cured by treatment that has never failed in thousands of cases that had been pronounced beyond hope. Many people meet death every year who might have been restored to perfect health and they placed their cases in the hands of experts.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—DR. OTTMAN, after years of experience, has discovered the greatest cure known for all diseases peculiar to the sex. Female diseases positively cured by the new remedy, OLIVE BLOSSOM. The cure is effected by home treatment. Entirely harmless and easily applied. Consultation Free and Strictly Confidential.

DEAFNESS. I cure 90 per cent. of all cases. Many cases cured in one treatment.

DISCHARGING EARS cured in every case.

CATARRH OF THE NOSE, bronchitis and lung troubles, caused from catarrh, positively cured.

TO YOUNG AND MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

A SURE CURE. The awful effects of early vice, which brings organic weakness, destroying both mind and body, with all its dreadful ills, permanently cured.

DR. OTTMAN addresses those who have impaired themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both mind and body, unfitting them for business, study, society or marriage.

MARRIED MEN, or those entering on that happy life, aware of physical debility, quickly assisted.

WE GUARANTEE TO CURE Nervous Debility, Failing Manhood, Syphilis, Varicocele, Stricture, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges, Weak Parts and all Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

SPECIALTIES: Catarrh, Skin Diseases, Sores, Pimples, Scrofula, Blood Taints, Eczema, Cancer, Piles and Diseases of Women. Skilful and Permanently Cured by the latest improved treatment as pursued by leading specialists of America and Europe.

SYPHILIS, GONORRHŒA, GLEET, Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood, Night Emissions, Decayed Faculties, Female Weakness and all delicate disorders peculiar to either sex, positively cured, as well as functional disorders that result from youthful follies or the excess of mature years.

Cases and correspondence confidential, but personal consultation preferred.

FREE EXAMINATION OF THE URINE.—Each person applying for medical treatment should send or bring from 2 to 4 ounces of urine that passed first in the morning procured, which will receive a careful chemical and microscopical examination, and if requested a written analysis will be given. Persons ruined in health by unlearned pretenders, who keep trifling with them month after month, giving poisonous and injurious compounds, should quit immediately. Delays are dangerous.

WONDERFUL CURES effected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express, but where possible, personal consultation is preferred. Curable cases guaranteed.

Cases and correspondence confidential. Treatment sent C. O. D. to any part of U. S. List of 100 questions free. Address, with postage,

Dr. B. E. OTTMAN, 255 E. Broad st., Columbus, O.

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